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Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXXIV NO. 216 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1946 Price: 2 Annas

Surajmal's
for QUALITY DIAMONDS
359, KALBADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY. Tel. 22236

THREE YEARS' JAIL FOR SHEIKH ABDULLAH

'QUIT KASHMIR" JUDGMENT

People's Leader Taken To Jammu Province

SRINAGAR, September 10. (A.P.I.):- Sheikh Mohomed Abdullah, President of the Kashmir National Conference, has been sentenced to three years' simple imprisonment on each of the three counts under Section 124-A of the Ranbhir Penal Code (Sedition corresponding to Section 124-A of the Indian Penal Code).

The sentences are to run concurrently.

Sheikh Abdullah was also ordered to pay a fine of Rs. 1,500.

Sheikh Mohd. Abdullah has been removed to Jammu Province following the pronouncement of judgment today.

Sheikh Mohd. Abdullah was arrested on May 20 for three alleged seditious speeches in furtherance of "Quit Kashmir Movement" said to be directed against the Maharajah of Kashmir.

GUILTY OF SEDITION

Finding Sheikh Abdullah guilty of sedition, the Sessions Judge, Lala Barkat Rai, in the course of his judgment said, "The plea set up by the accused that the object of his speeches was the attainment of responsible Government under the aegis of the Ruler is not borne out by the facts on record. Better counsels prevailed—but long after the mischief has been done.

It is established beyond any manner of doubt that all the three speeches delivered by the accused on 13th, 14th and 16th May, 1946, which form the subject matter of the charges are seditious. Offences under Section 124-A, Ranbhir Penal Code in respect of all three speeches have been proved against the accused.

THREE YEARS' S. I.

He is convicted under the above Section on all the three counts and sentenced to three years' simple imprisonment with a fine of Rs. 500 on each score. In default on payment of fine, he shall further undergo simple imprisonment for three months on each count. The sentences of imprisonment shall run concurrently.

The Sessions Judge recommended that Sheikh Abdullah should be given Special Class treatment in jail.

HARTAL & 'BANDOBUST'

Military and police pickets were posted at strategic points in Srinagar today, as a precautionary measure, on the occasion of the passing of judgment in the Sheikh Abdullah case.

In Khanka Mohalla, Srinagar, which was the storm centre of trouble during the May disturbances in Kashmir, shops were closed today, as a protest against the conviction of Sheikh Mohd. Abdullah.

GOVT. HOUSE NEWS

GANESHKHIND, Sept. 10 (A.P.I.): The Governor of Bombay granted an interview to Mr. B. G. Kher.

The Hon. Mr. Govindlal Shivlal Motilal lunched at Government House.

STOP PRESS

ANGLO-SOVIET AGREEMENT

LONDON, Sept. 10. (Reuter): An Anglo-Soviet agreement has been reached on the method by which prices will be calculated on the outstanding 40 million sterling worth of machinery and electrical equipment ordered by Russia during the war and still unshipped, it was officially announced by the Board of Trade today. The prices will be lowered by about 13 per cent below the original estimate.

CURFEW AND MARTIAL LAW IN IRAN PROVINCE

TEHERAN, Sept. 10 (U.P.A.): Curfew and martial law were imposed in the harvesting areas of Isfahan Province to-day to prevent attacks by Tudeh peasants.

BOMBAY ASSEMBLY CONGRESS PARTY

POONA, Sept. 10 (A.P.I.): The Secretary of the Congress Legislature Party in the Bombay Assembly announces that a meeting of the members of the Party will be held tomorrow at 7-15 p.m. at the residence of Mr. M. P. Patil, Minister for Agriculture.

CALCUTTA RIOTS INQUIRY.

MADRAS, Sept. 10. (A.P.I.): Mr. B. Somayya, who recently retired from the bench of the Madras High Court, has, it is reliably learnt, agreed to serve as a member of the Commission to enquire into the Calcutta riots.

ILLEGAL ITALIAN IMMIGRANTS.

CAIRO, Sept. 10. (Reuter): Four shiploads of illegal Italian immigrants within three days have been taken into custody on landing in Tripolitania, a former Italian colony in North Africa, it was learned here to-night. Altogether 611 men, women and children have been taken into custody. The vessels have been seized.

MONDAY'S CITY FLOOD SCENES

FATE OF MILITARY LORRY AT DADAR.

Electric train marooned between Curry Road and Parel stations of G. I. P. Railway

A VIEW OF KHODADAD CIRCLE, DADAR.

Sind Faces Constitutional Deadlock

Governor Turns Down Request For Nomination Of Speaker

ASSEMBLY PROROGUED: SYED'S S. O. S. TO VICEROY & WHITEHALL

KARACHI, September 10. (A.PI.): Immediately after the Sind Assembly was prorogued the Opposition leader Mr. G.M. Syed sent another telegram to the Viceroy, stating: "By proroging the House the Governor for a second time has shut out the no-confidence motion against the Ministry. The Opposition has been completely ignored and flouted. We brought all facts to his notice but without any result. Kindly act under Section 54 of the Government of India Act by calling the Opposition to form Ministry and in case they also fail the constitution may be suspended then".

EARLIER

Assembly Prorogued

The prorogation of the Assembly followed efforts by both the Muslim League Party and the Opposition to deprive each other of one vote.

When the Assembly met at 2-30 p.m. today, with no one in the chair, the Secretary to the Legislative Department read out a communication from the Governor proroguing the session. While the members were dispersing, Government benches raised Muslim League slogans.

According to the agenda, the Assembly was to have transacted official business, and the no-confidence motion against the Ministry was scheduled to be discussed tomorrow.

The Governor's announcement has led to speculation in political circles on the next step to be taken to solve the deadlock. Dissolution of the Assembly and holding fresh elections are suggested.

DEPUTY SPEAKER RESIGNS

Miss Jethi Siphaimlani, Deputy Speaker of the Sind Legislative Assembly, submitted her resignation of office this morning.

With the resignation of the Speakership by Syed Miran Mohamud Shah (Muslim League) and the Deputy Speakership by Miss Siphaimlani (Coalition Opposition) and with neither of the parties willing to spare a member to occupy the Chair, it is stated that a Constitutional deadlock has developed. The Government and the Opposition have an even strength of 30 members each

POLITICAL DEADLOCK

Following the resignation of the Deputy Speaker, Miss Jethi Siphaimlani, the Leader of the Coalition Party, Mr. G. M. Syed, has addressed an urgent communication to the Government of Sind requesting him to nominate a chairman to conduct the proceedings of the Assembly today and till such time as the new Speaker and a new Deputy Speaker are elected.

Holding that it is the duty of the party in power to supply a Chairman Mr. Syed maintains that if it cannot or its existence in power tends to cause suffocation of the legislature then it must make room for the opposition. "It cannot enjoy power and yet refuse to provide the requisite constitutional limbs", adds Mr. Syed.

He points out that according to established convention, the Governor must nominate a Chairman from among the European group and expects that this time-honoured position will not be departed from.

DECOY-DUCKS

Referring to the resignations of the four Ministers, Mr. Syed asks, "what is behind this desperate step?" Possibly the four vacancies, he says, "may be used as decoy-ducks to induce the rebels to stay in the party till the censure motion is over".

"Even this strategem cannot alter the most outstanding fact that the Muslim League Party continues to be a minority party", concluded Mr. Syed.

FOOD PRICES SOAR

During July 1946, the working class cost of living index number for Bombay, with the average prices for the year ended June 1934, equal to 100, was 268. This was nine points higher than in the preceding month. The index number for food articles advanced by 16 points to 334.

SYED'S S.O.S. TO VICEROY AND INDIA SECRETARY

The immediate intervention of the Secretary of State for India and the Viceroy in Sind's political situation is sought by Mr. G. M. Syed, Leader of the Coalition Party, in an urgent communication to them today.

After analysing the comparative strength of the respective parties, the communication says: "The Ministry having lost its majority, having deprived the Assembly of the Speaker, and having paralysed the Assembly and caused stagnation of all legislative activities is a menace to the Consitution and to the peace and progress of the province. The Governor's next move is apprehended—prorogation of the Assembly and the allowing of the ministry to function as he did in July last. The entire mess is created by the Governor and three European members whose attitude accentuates in friction among the Indians and thwarts a smooth and proper working of the Constitution. The European members' partisanship creates a deadlock and shall lead to the passing of ordinance and the scrapping of the Provincial Autonomy, the application of Section 93 and the dissolution of the Assembly. Their neutrality would result in stabilising the Ministry representing all communities. Similar impartiality and due observance of constitutional proprieties on the part of the Governor is also essential".

Mr. Syed suggests that the Governor should call for the resignation of the Ministery and give an opportunity to the Opposition to form the Government and seek their intervention under Section 54 of the Constitution Act in order to prevent a further deterioration in the constitutional situation in Sind.

Asiatic Front Against Smuts

Congress Approaches Turkey, China And Iraq

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 10. (U. P. I.) It is understood that letters have been addressed by Mr. Satya Charan, Secretary of the Overseas Department of the A.I.C.C., to Consuls-General of China, Turkish Republic and Iraq to move their Governments to strengthen the case against South Africa, proposed to be discussed at the forthcoming meeting of the U.N.O. General Assembly to get the Asiatic Land Tenure Act repealed.

It is further learnt that this is in response to a request of the Secretary of the Passive Resistance Council of Natal Indian Congress, Durban, who desired full and effective support of China and other Asiatic Governments.

White House Conference

Officials Discuss Seamen's Strike Situation

NEW YORK, Sept. 10. (A.P.A.): Leading United States Government and Labour officials held long meetings at the White House in Washington today in an attempt to find a solution to the nation's greatest maritime strike.

The sessions were conducted by Reconversion Director, John R. Steelman, and Secretary of Labour, Lewis Schwellenback, as the strike entered its sixth day.

The American Federation of Labour walkout, supported by the National Maritime Union, left more than half a million persons idle, paralysed all the nation's ports and stopped all shipments including U.N.R.R.A. cargoes destined for hungry people abroad.

Close on the heels of the White House conference was a meeting of the Government's Wage Stabilisation Board called to reconsider a decision which raised west coast seamen's salaries and decreased east coast salaries.

The War Department said that soldiers were loading army-owned and operated transports on the east coast. On the west coast, stevedores were still loading refrigerator and troopships operated by commercial interests for the army.

In New York, Mayor William O'Dwyer announced that he was adding 2,000 new policemen to the city force this week owing to the emergency created by the seamen's and lorry drivers' strikes.

New York city newspapers dwindled to less than half their usual size (between 40 and 50 pages) as display advertising was omitted in an effort to conserve newsprint. Deliveries had been halted by the lorry-drivers' strike.

TENANCY BILL MAKES SLOW PROGRESS IN ASSEMBLY

Govt. Accepts Four Opposition Amendments To Measure

(From Our Special Representative)

POONA, Sept. 10.

The Government of Bombay accepted four out of 21 amendments discussed to-day to the Bill to re-enact the Bombay Tenancy Amendment act, 1941 and to amend the Bombay Tenancy Act, 1939. Only one amendment was pressed to a division which was lost by 15 to 82 votes.

There are still more than forty amendments to be discussed.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL

For the third sitting in succession the Bombay Legislative Assembly continued clause by clause consideration of the Tenancy Bill.

Ninety-seven amendments, were moved to the Bill and this after it had emerged from the Select Committee. Two whole sittings and a good part of a third have now been spent on considering these amendments. There are still some forty of them left and it is possible that two more sittings of the House will be needed before the Bill goes through all the stages. Except for four amendments accepted by the Revenue Minister all others have either been withdrawn or negatived.

To-day's division arose out of an amendment by Mr. M. M. Bhaiji (Colaba) which sought to delete a provision requiring a landlord to give compensation to a tenant when such landlord returns to the land to the tenant in terms of the provisions of the Bill when he does not use the land for personal cultivation. It was argued that the landlord may have evicted the tenant with the 'bona fide' intention of personally cultivating the land, but may have been unable to do so.

The Revenue Minister, however, would not accept the amendment as a proviso had been included in the clause stipulating that no compensation need be paid in case of a lawful eviction by decree or order of a Court of Law.

Sir Andrew Clow, Acting Governor of Bombay, watched the proceedings of the House to-day for a short time from his box.

World's Greatest Cricket Story

Secrets Of Big Cricket By Walter Hammond

Captain of England, and of Gloucestershire Hammond is the biggest Test scorer in the world. He has also taken nearly 100 Test Wickets and over 100 Test catches. On each of his three visits to Australia, he was top of the batting averages. In post-war cricket, he captained the Victory Test series, and his last score last season was a century against the Australians. He has been in every big cricket thrill since 1920, and now, for the first time, tells his story of cricket behind the scenes. The "Bombay Chronicle" will publish next week a series of these articles. The first article will be published on Monday 16th instant. In this article Hammond will tell the dramatic story of his ill-fated efforts to get into big cricket and how he was suspended by the M. C. C.

JAPANESE LEADERS ON TRIAL AS WAR CRIMINALS: Japanese military, naval and civilian leaders accused as war criminals, stand as judges of the International War Crimes Tribunal for the Far East enter the court room in the War Ministry Building in Tokyo. In the prisoners' box are Doihara, Hata, Hirota, Minami, Tojo, Oka, Umezu, Araki, Matsuoka, Noshimo, Kaga Hashimoto, Koiso, Nagano, Oshima, Matsui, Hiranuma, Togo, Matsuoka, Shimada, Sato, Shimada, Shiratori and Itagaki. In front of the prisoners' box are members of the defense counsel—USIS.

FURTHER IMPROVEMENT IN CITY SITUATION

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

"There was further improvement in the situation in Bombay to-day.

For the first time in 10 days no incident of any kind has been reported from 6 p.m. till 11 p.m. to-night," states a Press Note issued by the Director of Information, Bombay Government to-night.

The Ganpati immersions passed off peacefully this evening, the Press Note adds.

Between 6 o'clock this morning and 11 o'clock to-night one death and four injuries were reported. There

CURFEW EXTENDED

BOMBAY, Sept. 10 (API): The Commissioner of Police, Bombay, has extended the curfew order for another seven days from tomorrow.

were two petty cases of looting during the day.

Forty-five arrests for the day took the total of arrests for 10 days to 2,719. The total casualties for these 10 days are 244 dead and 726 injured.

Mr. Mangaldas Pakwasa, President of the Bombay Legislative Council, has added his voice to the appeal for peace and has urged the quicker reopening of shops in all areas as a mark of returning confidence.

FIRING AT EVCULLA

The Director of Information, Bom-

(Continued on Page 5).

U. N. O. GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Lie Recommends Postponment

NEW YORK, Sept. 10 (APA): M. Trygve Lie, Secretary-General, recommended to the 51 United Nations last night postponement of the General Assembly to October 23, as suggested by the Foreign Ministers' Council in Paris.

M. Lie made the recommendation after receiving assurances that the Big Powers would not request a third postponement.

Final decision still depended on a majority vote of United Nations members expected by September 18.

LATEST COMMERCIAL

NEW YORK COTTON (OCTOBER)
NEW YORK, Sept. 10.

Previous Closing	35.56
Today's Opening	36.45
Difference	—11
Today's Closing	35.85
Difference	—71

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
NEW YORK, Sept. 10.

New York Stock Exchange Opening prices:

General Motors 55-1/4, Anaconda Copper Mining 36-1/4, United States Steel Common 73, United States Steel preference 150.—(Reuter).

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE
CALCUTTA, Sept. 10.

The Calcutta Stock Exchange ruled slightly better today on renewed buying along with a fair turnover.

Bombay Govt. Takes Up Slum Clearance

New Department To Expedite Housing Plan

(From Our Special Representative)

POONA, Sept. 10.

I understand that the Government of Bombay will shortly set up a separate Housing Department to deal with the acute housing problem in Bombay and other industrial cities of the province. Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Labour Minister, will be in charge of this Department.

The Department will be charged with the task of clearing the slums and providing decent healthy living quarters especially for industrial workers. Government would consider giving subsidies to individuals and agencies willing to undertake housing schemes, assign suitable plots of land, expedite release of building materials and provide all other necessary facilities.

Government have also plans and designs for the construction of model tenements consisting of a sitting room, a bedroom and a kitchen at a comparatively cheap cost. Government is also willing to raise large scale loans for financing some of these schemes.

It will be the task of the new Department to work out some of these purposes.

JINNAH PLEADS FOR FRESH START ON CLEAN SLATE

Asks British Govt. What League Has Done To Deserve Present Fate

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President, All-India Muslim League, has released the full official text of the interview which he gave to Ralph Izzard of the "Daily Mail" from which a few extracts were quoted in to-day's papers which, Mr. Jinnah says, are not quite correct.

The following is the full text of the interview:

Mr. Jinnah said: "For the peace of India and the peace of the world a fresh start must be made. The wound is too deep and the negotiations of this Summer have led to too much bitterness and rancour for us to prolong the present arguments. The slate must be wiped clean and we must begin from the beginning again. I shall never now go to London after what has been done by the Viceroy to plead my case; but were His Majesty's Government to invite me to London to start a new series of conferences on an equal footing with other negotiators, I should accept.

"No man can witness the present scenes of bloodshed in India without feelings of sorrow and pain. At the same time if the British insist on doing nothing more than to support the present Interim Government with their bayonets, all I can say is that the Muslims can suffer it, but will never submit to it.

"If the British withdraw both their troops and their interest in the Administration as they should, if they cannot manage honourably we can sort out things for ourselves."

NEHRU'S BROADCAST

Referring to Pandit Nehru's broadcast "which is applauded by the Congress newspapers as an assurance to the Muslim League on the vexed provincial grouping," Mr. Jinnah said: 'These are very vague words; he has made no definite proposals to me; you cannot butter parsnips with words; I have been stabbed and vague phrases and words will not stop the bleeding.

"What am I supposed to do now? It would be foolish for me to draft a series of demands and risk the possibility of having to retract one or more of them because the Congress refused to accept them. We have reached a deadlock; when Pandit Nehru came to me recently to offer me five seats in the new Central Government, he refused to discuss any other problem.

TWO DISTINCT NATIONS.

"The fact remains that Muslims in India have suffered a monstrous perpetration of wrong at the hands of the British Government. To be charitable, all I can say is that the Labour Government is too new and inexperienced to understand this problem fully. They have allowed themselves to be tricked by the Congress. They have failed to realise that there are two distinct nations in India. Each has different fundamental characteristics and natural ambitions. I can understand an Alliance or Treaty between them and they might in certain circumstances unite temporarily to face a common danger. But the idea of a permanent coalition is absurd. As the position now is, one distinct nation is placed at the mercy of the numerical superiority of another.

MUSLIM SACRIFICES.

"I see a very dark future ahead. I have received letters and telegrams of sympathy from all over the Muslim world. If relations between Great Britain, America and Russia worsen there is no means of telling now which way Indian Muslims may be stampeded at a time of crisis. The question we ask is: "What have we done to deserve this fate"? We have no reason to love the British, but in 1942 when the Congress started their resistance movement against you, with the enemy at India's border, we refused to join it. At that time I can remember touring Muslim villages where women were reduced to the task of grave-digging because the entire manpower of the community was serving with the Army.

NO SALE IN PARTS.

"We accepted all proposals made to us by the Cabinet Mission; if I appeared tardy it was because I had been empowered only to negotiate and the final decision of refusal or acceptance had to be deferred to the next meeting of the All-India Muslim League Council. If we had later reversed our decision, it was because the Congress only accepted the Long-Term proposals with reservations which they refused to clarify.

"If you try to sell me this article", said Mr. Jinnah pointing to a silver ash tray, "and a piece of it is missing, I am entitled to ask you to replace the missing part before I agree to accept it". Subsequent Congress speeches and actions have proved that our course was amply justified".

ATTACKED BY CONGRESS FOLLOWERS.

Talking of the present wave of riotings throughout India, Mr. Jinnah indignantly disclaimed Muslims were responsible. He said, "Prior to August 16, that is 'Direct Action Day', when the rioting broke out in Calcutta we had issued very strictest instructions through our Press, by circular and by letters to local League leaders, that there was to be no violence. The sole purpose of the day was to explain to the public why 'Direct Action' had become necessary. We are entitled to free speech and to the right to stage peaceful demonstrations. We were attacked by Congress followers because they wanted to stamp out our propaganda and discredit our cause by creating disturbances and then throwing the blame on us."

Defining 'Direct Action', Mr. Jinnah stated that it was passive non-co-operation with the Government. It had not yet been resorted to and the details of the form which it is to take are now being worked out by a special committee in Delhi.

Renunciation by League members of the titles conferred by the British was not a direct action measure but a protest against the present attitude of the British Government.

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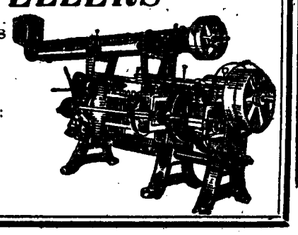

H. M. G.'S BOLD STEP TO ASSIST INDIA!

Three Wheat Ships From Canada To Be Diverted

NEW DELHI, Sept. 10. A.P.I.): Closely following U.N.R.R.A.'s diversion of wheat to India reported last week, H. M. G. have agreed to divert three ships carrying approximately 26,000 tons of Canadian wheat which are expected to reach India during November. This quantity will be repaid to the U. K. at a later date.

Commenting upon this "very generous gesture" by the U.K. an official spokesman of the Central Food Department stated that in view of U.K.'s own difficult supply position, H.M.G. had taken a bold step to assist India.

CHILE RICE FOR FAR EAST?

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10. (A.P.A.): Chile is to be asked by U.N.R.R.A. to supply rice to help meet the shortage in the Far East, Francis B. Bayre Diplomatic Adviser to U. N. R. R. A. who is shortly visiting South America said after a talk with President Truman.

Mr. Bayre said that on an earlier visit to Chile 3,000,000 dollars worth of rice was promised and he was going to discuss the matter further.

INDIAN DELEGATIONS FOR U. N. O.

NEW DELHI, Sept. 10, (A.P.I.): It is understood the Indian delegation to the U.N.O. Conference will include Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit, Mr. Frank Anthony M.L.A. (Central) and Mr. K. C. Neogy M.L.A. (Central). Mr. R. M. Deshmukh, India's High Commissioner in South Africa who was recently recalled will accompany the Indian Delegation as Adviser. Mr. K. P. S. Menon India's Agent General in China, will act as Secretary to the Delegation.

The departure of the Delegation will depend on the final decision with regard to the proposal to postpone the session.

Indian Delegates For Paris Technical Congress

KARACHI, Sept. 10, (A.P.I.): Rai Bahadur M. S. Mathur, Mr. Mohsin and Mr. N. K. Mitra, Government of India delegates to the International Technical Congress left Karachi for london today.

The Conference which will be held at Paris from September 16 to 21 will discuss technical subjects relating to Atomoc energy engineering etc.

At the conclusion of the Conference the French Government has arranged for the inspection of workshops and plants by the delegates.

THREAT OF DECLINE IN R. A. F. POWER

LONDON, Sept. 10. (Reuter): Marshal of the Royal Air Force Lord Tedder, Chief of the Air Staff, speaking at a press conference in London, today gave a serious warning on the threat of decline in R. A. F. power due to shortage of volunteers.

CHINESE REDS USE POISON GAS

Failure To Break Into City Of Tatung

NANKING, Sept. 10 (Reuter): Communist troops in the Tatung area are panic-stricken following their failure to break into the beleagured city of Tatung and the threat to their rear from Government reinforcements, stated the Chinese Ministry of Information to-day.

The latest military dispatches from Taiyuan, the Ministry stated, say that during the nights of September 7 and 8 the Communists made continuous attacks on the southern and northern sectors of the city and tried to scale the walls under cover of heavy artillery fire. They were, however, repulsed, General Ho Lung's men suffering eepecially heavy casualties.

According to the same reports the Communist forces besieging Hsinhsien, 50 miles north-east of Taiyuan are facing a split. Friction is understood to have existed between two sections of the Eighth Route Army who come from different war zones. Meanwhile Communist troops attacking Chungyang in West Shansi are requisitioning food supplies preparatory to making another attempt to capture the city.

The Ministry statement adds that Communist troops attacking Tatung are reported to have used poison gas in their attack on September 1 and again on the following day. 100 casualties resulted in the first attack.

INSTITUTE OF JUTE TECHNOLOGY

BANGALORE.—(A.P.A.): A scheme for the establishment of an Institute of Jute Technology involving a capital expenditure of Rs. 7,30,000 and an annual recurring expenditure of Rs. 1,50,000 has been finally approved by the Indian Jute Mills Association and the Calcutta University. Both the capital expenditure and the annual recurring expenditure will be provided by the Association.

The scheme envisages the admittance to training of 25 Science students every year, who will be trained for a period extending over four years in theoretical and practical subjects in the institute and in the mills. The training will fit them for employment in supervisory posts in the jute mills scattered around Greater Calcutta.

The proposed institute, will be located near the University College of Science and Technology at Calcutta.

More Claims Against Italy

PARIS, Sept. 10 (Reuter): Egypt claimed ten million sterling reparations against Italy at the Italian Economic Committee of the Paris Conference to-day.

The Iraqi delegate stated that his country's total claim on Italy amounted to 1,602,496 dinars.

Mexico based her claim for reparations on the ground that she had incurred serious harm and important damage to her economy and had incurred heavy expenditure in consequence of the war.

Norway claimed 5,000,000 sterling reparations against Italy.

France's claim to reparations—mainly limited to Italian assets on French territory—was presented by M. Herve Alphand.

POLICE FIRE AT COUNTRY BOAT

DACCA, Sept. 10, (A.P.I.): The police opened fire last night at a big country boat on Dolai Khal from which brickbats were being thrown at Beninagar area, and which would not obey police instructions to stop.

When firing took place the occupants of the boat jumped into the water and swam away. No casualty has been reported.

The boat carried a large number of persons.

NONSENSE!

Jinnah's Re-action To Russian Intervention Story

BOMBAY, Sept. 10 (A.P.A.): Mr. M. A. Jinnah declared in an interview to-day that India stands at the brink of ruinous civil war involving her 400,000,000 Hindus, Muslims and small minorities, which only promot, sincere and skilled diplomatic negotiations could avert.

He described the Calcutta and Bombay disorders as "undoubtedly symptoms of the nearness of civil war all over India, and of the pattern which such a civil war might follow."

"I am not negotiating with Russia, nor am I hoping to negotiate with Russia for her intervention into the affairs of India. Any such story is nonsense, if anyone is spreading it. The recitation of the lessons which history teaches does not constitute an invitation to some foreign power to do certain things."

Mr. Jinnah said there is no basis for assertions which have been made that his objective is to achieve Pakistan which would be a colony of the British Government. "That definitely is not true," he added. "We want an independent, sovereign Pakistan and we will have it."

LEAGUE COMMITTEE OF ACTION

NEW DELHI, Sept. 10, (A.P.I.): The Committee of action of the All-India Muslim League met the presidents and secretaries of the various Provincial Leaguers this morning. The meeting lasted for three hours.

Provincial salars of the Muslim National Guards are expected to meet the Committee tomorrow morning.

The Central Parliamentary Board of the All-India Muslim League will meet tomorrow.

Rights Of Jews In Rumania

PARIS, Sept. 10. (Reuter): Britain today persuaded the Paris Conference that an additional article should be written into the draft treaty with Rumania aimed at safeguarding the property and rights of the Jews.

The proposal was adopted by seven votes to five.

Countries voting against it were White Russia, France Czechoslovakia, Ukraine and Russia.

OVER 1,600 HOUSES DAMAGED IN RIOTS

Refugees In Relief Centres In Calcutta Total 129,000

CALCUTTA, Sept. 10. (A.P.I.): The number of houses damaged in last month's riot in Calcutta was estimated at between 1,600 and 1,700 by the Commissioner for Relief and Rehabilitation, Sir Walter Gurner, at a Press Conference.

He said that the question of compensation and the cost of rehabilitation was under consideration by the Government. No decision had been reached yet.

Sir Waltr added that there were 1,29,000 refugees in the relief centres in Calcutta on Sept. 5. That represented a reduction of approximately 5,000 from the previous day.

INDO-BRITISH RELATIONSHIP

Changing For Better, Says Pethick-Lawrence

LONDON, Sept. 10. (Reuter): Lord Pethick-Lawrence, Secretary of State for India, stated in London to-day that although the relationships between Britain and India were changing they were not changing for the worst.

"We believe", he said: "they are going to change for the better and that in the years to come when the peoples of India have charge of their own destiny, friendship with the peoples of this country, not merely individual but national relationships, will be strengthened and that this friendship will last and grow greater every day".

Lord Pethick-Lawrence was speaking at the opening by Lady Rungnadhan, wife of the High Commissioner, of the new Indian Students Young Men's Christian Association Hostel in Woburn Square.

He told the students "just as we have to learn much from you, so we are confident that you will learn much from us, and it is in the intermingling of different ideas as represented by different nations and religions of the world that real progress and hope for the future can come about".

Lady Runganadhan said that the students using the hostel would be building up international fellowship and tolerance at a time when there was much suspicion and distrust among nations.

SYUD HOSSAIN FOR DELHI

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Dr. Syud Hossain left for Delhi this evening by the Frontier Mail.

RADAR FOR STRATOSPHERE FLYING

LONDON.—The latest radar equipment has a range of 1,500 miles, according to Sir Robert Watson-Watt, who was chiefly responsible for the invention of radar.

Sir Robert said in Liverpool recently that he thought radar would achieve more accuracy and would be of greater use to planes flying in the stratosphere than to aircraft flying near the earth. In the stratosphere radar experienced less interference from cloud and moisture.

Britain was still leading the world in radar development, he added—U. K. P. S.

U. S. Maritime Strike Hits Food Distribution

NEW YORK, Sept. 10, (Reuter): With the docks idle in the great United States maritime workers' strike, food distribution difficulties have been increased by yesterday's walkout of 25,000 motor lorry drivers. A spokesman of a chain store predicted that 2,000 retail food shops would close today.

A new complication also arose yesterday in connection with sailing of United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration's food ships. A Congress of Industrial Organisation's Union leader had promised to order the sailing of loaded ships, but the New York dockers' leader, Joseph Ryan, said No ship will be loaded by my men while the Seafarers' International Union and the Sailors' Union of the Pacific are still on strike."

DEMOBBED BRITONS IN INDIA

Settlement In Australia Envisaged

MELBOURNE, (APA): Immigration Minister Arthur A. Calwell has announced his plans to send the Assistant Secretary of his Department, Mr. A. Peters, to India in October "to discuss and answer questions in relation to migration matters".

The Minister said that the British Army in India was "well aware of the Commonwealth Government's desires that they should make Australia their new home when demobilization begins".

Australian Press Attache at New Delhi L. G. Wigmore had been supplied with all available information concerning the agreement made with the British Government for free passages to Australia for British ex-servicemen and their dependents, Mr. Calwell added.

IVEN MACKAY CALLS ON NEHRU

NEW DELHI, Sept. 10. (A. P. I.): Lt.-Gen. Sir Iven Mackay, High Commissioner for Australia in India, and Mr. Zahid Hussain, Finance Member, Hyderabad State, called on Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru this morning.

NEHRU'S SUGGESTIONS TO IMPERIAL BANK STRIKERS

CALCUTTA, Sept. 10 (A.P.I.): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru gave certain suggestions and directions in regard to the Imperial Bank strike when the representatives of the Indian Staff Association of the Bank met him at Delhi recently and discussed the strike situation, says a statement issued on behalf of the Association today.

These suggestions will be explained to a general meeting of the Association on Thursday by the General Secretary.

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CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day
Hindu: Bhadrapad Shud 15, 2002
Muslim: Savval 14, 1365
Parsi: Fervardin 8, 1316
Sunrise: 6-25 a.m. Sunset: 6-45 p.m.
Hightide: —, 12-/2
Lowtide: 05-30, 18-07
BOMBAY CORPORATION: At 3 p.m. (B.T.) to-day.

DOMESTIC
DEATH

EBRAHIM "Dowager Lady Sakinabai Widow of the late Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim, Second Bart died on Monday the 9th Sept. 1946 at the residence Warden Road. Deeply mourned by all relatives friends and well-wishers."

Today's Engagements

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Talk on "Man-Animal and Divine" at 5 p.m. to-day.

BRAINS TRUST: Central Branch Y.M.C.A. 12, Wodehouse Road at 6-30 p.m. to-day. Panel: Prof. J. C. Daruvalla (Q.M.), Rev. Dr. J. Kelloca, Dr. J. F. Bulsara and Prof. C. N. Vakil.

BOMBAY TAMIL SANGHAM: Proposed Bharati-Day celebrations postponed to Sept. 21 and 22.

INFLUENCE OF INDIA'S CULTURE ON MODERN FRANCE: Swami Siddheshwaranananda, Head of the Vedanta Centre of the Ramakrishna Mission at Paris, will lecture on the above, at the Ramakrishna Mission Library Hall, Khar, at 5-30 p.m. today.

NATURE CURE CLINIC: Mangaldas Pakvasa to open clinic at Dreamland (near Roxy Talkies), Queen's Road at 4-30 p.m. to-day.

YOUNG MEN'S HINDU ASSN: has decided to give free legal aid to Hindus who are in need of such help on account of the riots. The claims for compensation for loss of life and property will also be registered at the Association premises at Vithalbhai Patel Road between 7-30 a.m. and 8-30 a.m. every day.

BOMBAY GRAIN DEALERS' ASSOCIATION: Office at 84, Samuel Street (North), C. V O. Jain Mahajanwadi, Khadak Palla Gully, has been temporarily shifted to Cutchi Visha Oswal Printing Press, Gaumukh Bhuvan, Opp. Musjid Railway station, Masjid Bunder Road,, 'Phone No. 34629'

I.C.I. DYES DEPT. MEN'S DEMANDS: The general body meeting of I.C.I. (India) Ltd., Dyes Dept. Office Employees Union was held on Sunday the 8th Sept. at the Cama Hall, Mr. Abidali Jafferbhoy, presiding. Speakers' demands included the grades in salaries, sick and casual leave, bonus, service conditions, etc. The President was empowered to present them to the management giving them a fortnight's time to consider and negotiate whereafter the managing committee was authorised to give a call for strike if the negotiations failed.

SUPPORT FOR KEMP CO. STRIKE

At a meeting of Chemists and Druggists Shop Assistants and Compounders held under the auspices of the Compounders' Union a resolution supporting the demands of the Kemp Company's staff and sympathising with their strike, was unanimously passed. Grievances of the members can be represented to Mr. V. M. Kande, General Secretary, of the Union at 78, Sleater Road, Bombay 7 or at Jinnah Hall, Congress House.

'D' WARD CONGRESS COUNCIL ELECTION: The Girgaum District Congress Committee will hold its council election on 29th Sept. Nominations are invited from the intending candidates from 14th Sept. to 21st. The closing hour being 6 p.m. on the last day. Nomination papers can be had from the Committee's office during the office hours namely 8 a.m. to 10 a.m. and 4 p.m. to 6 p.m. on and from 14th Sept.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION

Booking of ordinary private and ordinary press telegrams to Calcutta, is now resumed.

WEATHER NEWS FOR FARMERS

FORECAST TILL THURSDAY MORNING:—Rainfall will be widespread and moderate and locally heavy in the Konkanpatti, Jahalawad, Gohelwad, southern districts of Gujarat and Khandesh. Rainfall will be fairly widespread and light to moderate in Mawal, the Deccan, the Bombay Karnatak, Marathawada and the Hyderabad Karnatak. Scattered light showers will also occur in central Hyderabad, Telungana, Soreth, Halar and the northern districts of Gujarat.

Heavy Rainfall Warning:—Rainfall may be very heavy at a few places in south Gujarat, Gohelwad and Jahalawad.

OUTLOOK FOR FURTHER 2 DAYS:—The monsoon will continue to be strong in the Konkanpatti.

TODAY ON RADIO
BOMBAY-1
WEDNESDYA, Sept. 11.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s) 7.30 a.m. Keep Fit, 7.40 News (M) 7.50 News (G) 8.0 News (E). 8.15 News (H) 8.30 P. G. Parab (Sitar) 8.45 Leela Khaladkar 9.0 Basavraj 12.0 Baton Baton Men (H) 12.45 p.m. News (M) 12.50 News (G) 12.55 Mile Jule Gane 1.25 News (H) 1.30 News (E) 1.40 Lunch-hour music 4.20 School Broadcast 5.0 P. G. Parab (Sitar) 5.15 L. G. Bartakke 5.30 Bismil Qawwal: Ghazalen 5.45 Topic of Day 5.55 Local Report 6.0 News (E) 6.10 News (H) 6.15 Gujarati Geeto 6.30 Padmavati Shaligram (M) 7.0 P. G. Parab (Sitar) 7.15 Rudramal (G) 7.30 Basavraj 8.0 News (M) 8.15 News (G) 8.30 Khayal Apna Apna (H) 8.45 Rang Roop 9.0 News (E) 9.15 News (H) 9.30 B B C News 9.40 Programme Parade 9.45 Nature in coming months (by Right Rev. R. D. Acland, Bishop of Bombay) 10.0 Basavraj 10.30 Padmavati Shaligram.

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GIANT VOTERS' LIST FOR ADULT FRANCHISE

Bombay's Unique Achievement In Spreading Civic Consciousness

The Bombay Municipal Corporation will open a new chapter in the history of Municipalities, when the ensuing General Elections will be contested on the basis of adult franchise in early 1947.

The preliminary arrangements for the preparation of the Election Roll, as required under the act are already at hand, the Voters' Lists being successfully out on August 9, 1946, in spite of various difficulties in printing and in compliance with the mandatory provisions of the Act. It will be interesting to note how popular representation came on the increase in the Bombay Municipal Corporation.

Corporation, under Act III of 1872, consisted of 64 members, of whom 32 were elected by rate-payers, 16 J.P.s and 16 nominated by Government.

By Act III of 1888, the strength of the Corporation was increased by eight members, the University of Bombay and the Bombay Chamber of Commerce were given two seats each. This constitution of the Corporation continued uninterruptedly for 34 years.

Bombay Act VI of 1922 substituted tenancy franchise. The representation on Corporation by rate-payers was stopped, and persons paying Rs. 10 as monthly rent became voters.

In 1928 the strength of the Corporation was further increased to 108 (four seats being allotted to Trade Unions) which was again increased in 1931 to 112. In 1936, the franchise was further widened by reducing rental limit to Rs. 5 by Bombay Act XIII of 1936.

Under Bombay Act XIII of 1938, Adult Franchise was introduced, but it was put into effect by Act No. I of 1946. It gives each adult citizen, who is staying in the City over a year, right to vote primary privilege of an individual.

To facilitate the smooth conduct of elections, the City which was divided into 19 wards in 1937, is further subdivided into 34 wards, seats being allotted on a population basis.

At present a big staff is busily engaged to carry out the publication of the Election Roll which will be finally published in December, 1946. The Corporation maintains a permanent Election Department. But to cope with this huge work about 400 persons were employed under the supervision of Mr. K. R. Kelkar, the Election and Town Duty Officer, who has succeeded in getting the Voters' List published on the specified date, in as systematic a manner as possible, despite all abnormal circumstances created by the war. He is entrusted with the work of preparation of the Roll and holding of elections on the basis of adult franchise.

The Voters' List contains names of more than eight lakhs adults. This number may however increase by about half a lakh, if persons omitted for one reason or other have put in their claims in time. The Bombay Municipality will achieve a unique place, being the pioneer in the field of representation on the widest possible franchise under democratic principles.

B.E.S.T. Sustains Heavy Losses

BOMBAY, Sept. 10 (A.P.I.): The unprecedented monsoon floods yesterday in Bombay damaged a large number of buses an trams in the city, and as a result, the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Company which runs the transport services of the city, sustained heavy losses.

Mr. A. S. Trollip, General Manager of the B.E.S.T., Company, in an interview to the Associated Press of India today said that many of the vehicles suffered through floods entering and damaging them in depots, and even electric equipment of many trams has been rendered unfit. "It will take some time, before we repair the damage to the vehicles and restore the normal transport service in the city," he said.

Assessing the total damage to their vehicle, Mr. Trollip said that only 108 buses were running as against 148 buses normally run by the company and 94 trams as against 236 trams run in normal times. All the six tram and bus depots were flooded by water, and unless water was cleared from the depots, the company could not begin the task of repairing the damage to the vehicles.

Meanwhile, Mr. Trollip said that the Company were running a very limited transport service in the city and every attempt is being made to restore full service as early as possible.

BOMBAY RECORDS EARTHQUAKE SHOCK

BOMBAY, Sept 10, (API): An earthquake shock of slight intensity at its origin about 3,410 miles away was recorded by the Seismograph at the Colaba Observatory at 4.16 p.m. (IST). on September 9.

Payment Of Unclaimed Interest

(From A Correspondent)
POONA, Sept. 9

Mr. Ahmed E. H. Jaffer, M.L.A., (Central) has received communication from Mr. R. S. Symons, I.C.S., Finance Secretary, Government of India, agreeing to increase Government's previous offer of Rs. 60,000 to Rs. 1,30,000 towards the amount of unclaimed interest of Muslim depositors in Post Office Savings Bank accounts due from the year 1927 to 1945.

When the offer of Rs. 60,000 was made by Mr. B. C. A. Cook, I.C.S., Joint Finance Secretary, Mr. Jaffer put in a claim of Rs. 5,00,000 at the rate of Rs. 25,000 per year according to the statement made by the Hon. Mr. Byrne, speaking in the Council of State on the Resolution of Sir Ebrahim Haroon Jaffer in 1925.

Sir Haroon Jaffer's resolution was finally adopted in the Council of State in 1927, and hence Mr. Ahmed Jaffer is claiming the unclaimed interest from 1927 at the rate of Rs. 25,000 per year.

Mr. Jaffer says that the above amount and the amount that will accrue from the unclaimed interest from 1946 will be utilised for the cause of advancement of Muslim education. A Trust will be constituted under the provisions of the Charitable Endowments Act 1890. The Trustees would be seven administrators, who would be Muslim members of the Central Legislature (both Houses).

Mr. Ahmed Jaffer is awaiting instructions from Mr. Jinnah, leader of the Muslim League Party in the Central Assembly.

Building Motor Cars In India

The Managing Director of the Motor House (Gujarat) Limited writes:—

Our attention has been drawn to the news appeared in the "Bombay Chronicle" dated September 7th 1946.

We have to advise you that we have made contracts with Kaiser Frazer Corporation to build motor cars under their license in India, and that Kaiser Frazer Corporation are not establishing any factory on their own. The entire project is our own, and Messrs. Kaiser Frazer Corporation have no capital participation in this venture nor they have any control of management in the Indian Factory. We are also setting up the factory to manufacture cars and trucks both British and American in Bombay and not in Ahmedabad.

YUGOSLAVIA BOWS TO AMERICA

Agrees To Pay Indemnity For Loss Of Lives Of Air Passengers

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10 (Reuter): The Yugoslav Government has tentatively agreed with the United States Government in principle to pay indemnity for the loss of the lives of the passengers in the American plane shot down over Yugoslavia last month, it was announced by the Acting Secretary of State, Mr. William Clayton, at a Press Conference today.

Mr. Clayton said that agreement had not yet been reached on whether the Yugoslav Government should pay for the loss of the plane. He emphasised that he was only reporting the first preliminary discussion upon the subject between the United States Ambassador in Belgrade, Mr. Patterson, and the Yugoslav authorities.

WHY BYRNES' PLEA FOR GERMAN SELF-RULE?

LONDON, Sept. 10 (UPI): The speech of the U. S. Secretary of State, Mr. Byrnes, on Germany received an unusual slant from the influential American commentator, Drew Pearson, who revealed last night the "inside factors behind Mr. Byrnes' speech."

Pearson said that Russia had organised a German army in her zone. In the British zone 300 German soldiers had been supplied with arms by the British under the command of General Rundstedt. General Rundstedt when asked by the British whether this army would support them in case of a war with Russia stated that they would not fight on the order of a foreign Government. Hence Mr. Byrnes' decision to give Germany a Government of her own."

Trust To Supply Fodder A Valid Charity

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice & Mr. Justice Chagla)

Vallabhdas Karsondas Natha.... Assessee
vs.
The Commissioner of Income-Tax, Bombay

The assessee was the Managing Trustee of certain charitable trusts declared by one Keshavji Jadhavji in 1886. The assessee was entitled to the surplus income which remained after carrying out the objects of the trust. On 7th October, 1940 he created a trust for religious and charitable objects in respect of his right, title and interest in the trust properties. Those objects included by way of illustrations, "the supply of fodder to animals and cattle" and "such other purposes beneficial to the Hindu community and Indians in general." In his assessment for the year 1941-42, the assessee claimed exemption in respect of this surplus income which came to Rs. 23,515/- in respect of which he had created the trust, as income derived from property held in trust wholly for religious or charitable purposes under Section 4 (3) (i) of the Income-tax Act, The Appellate Tribunal held that the assessee was not entitled to the exemption. On a reference to the High Court, Their Lordships held that the income in question was exempted from taxation. Their Lordships held that the supply of fodder to animals was not only a good religious trust as being for an object of great religious merit, but was also a good charitable trust. Even in England it had been held that a trust for the protection and benefit of animals was a valid charitable trust as it "tended to promote feelings of humanity and morality generally, repress brutality and thus elevate the human race." Under the circumstances Their Lordships exempted the income from taxation under the Income-tax Act.

Sir Jamshedji Kanga, Mr. K. M. Munshi and Mr. Goregaokar with Mr. Y. P. Pandit appeared for the assessee.

Mr. M. C. Setalvad and Mr. G. N. Joshi instructed by Mr. D. H. Nanavati, Solicitor to the Income-tax Department, appeared for the Commissioner of Income-tax.

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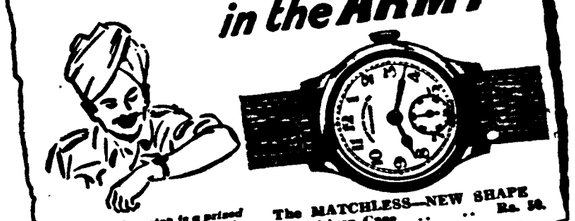
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A.C.) C.41

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Sept. 10, (API): The following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours total rainfall from 18 June 1946, and departure from normal recorded at 08.00 hours (IST) on Tuesday Ahmedabad 96 80 0 25.7 plus 0.9 Allahabad 95 80 0 33.0 plus 2.2 BOMBAY 81 73 2.2 67.9 plus 7.1 Calcutta 92 76 1.0 Nil Nil Cawnpore 97 60 0 19.5 minus 8.6 Delhi 98 75 0 21.9 plus 2.4 Hyderabad (Dn) 87 72 0 14.6 minus 3.7 Karachi 87 78 0 3.9 minus 1.8 Lahore 102 75 0 14.1 plus 0.6 Lucknow 97 60 9 22.8 minus 8.5 Madras 87 77 0 15.7 plus 4.1 Mysore 78 66 0.1 10.8 plus 0.3 Nagpur 83 76 0.5 44.0 plus 6.0 Patna 96 64 C Nil Nil Poona 75 70 0.7 0.6 plus 4.4 Surat 92 75 6.1 5.6 plus 20.1

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

If we mean to support the liberty and independence which have cost us so much blood and treasure to establih, we must drive far away the demon of party spirit and local reproach.
—George Washington.

The Bombay Chronicle

BEGIN NEGOTIATIONS

The Muslim League's Committee of Action is reported to have decided to postpone direct action till after a thorough-going inquiry is made about its feasibility in different provinces and till preparations are completed for its peaceful and effective execution. It is a wise decision, particularly the reported proposal to visit different provinces to make a first-hand study of the conditions in each province and to take precautions against "provoking disturbances which must defeat the whole object of direct action". Mr. Latifur Rahman, M.L.A., a member of the League Council, voices the feeling in the minds of many Muslims, particularly of the Muslim minority provinces, when he says: "If by direct action the effect will be repetition of Calcutta riots and such other unfortunate happenings, the Majority Muslim Provinces are not going to lose by such policy of the League. It is the Muslims of the Minority Provinces who will suffer as there will be none to look after their interest when the constitution-making process will proceed". Sheik Abdul Majid, too, appeals to Mr. Jinnah "to save the Muslim nation from plunging into fruitless destructive and revolutionary activities of an extremely violent type, and prevent India from falling into the hands of criminally-minded murderous and heartless gangs, waiting to exploit the situation to their own advantage owing allegiance neither to the League nor the Congress nor any Government." The League cannot ignore appeals and warnings like these.

The main reason why Sheik Abdul Majid condemns direct action is that it is utterly unnecessary, apart from its fruitless and distructive character. We have pointed out before how he has established beyond doubt the case for the League entering the Constituent Assembly on the basis of the assurances already given by the Viceroy. The full text of his statement shows that he has also made out an unanswerable case for the League joining the Interim Government. Quoting the precise words of the Viceroy's recent broadcast, he remarks: "All the allegations made and apprehensions entertained and objections raised against the Interim Government from the side of the Muslim League have been effectively repudiated in the description of the Interim Government as embodied in the Viceroy's recent broadcast statement." As the ill-informed and, therefore, easily misguided among the Muslims need to reminded from time to time of the Viceroy's assurances about the Interim Government, they may be briefly recapitulated here. They are: (1) "The new Government will be re-formed "de novo" and will function as a Coalition Government". (2) "The Muslim League need have no fear of being out-voted on any essential issue since a Coalition Government can only exist and function on the conditions that both the main parties to it are satisfied". (3) "He will see that the most important portfolios are equitably shared". (4) "That it will function under the "existing constitution". (5) "That its status will be that of the Executive Council with the Viceroy as the President". (6) "That the Viceroy's statutory power of veto will not be abrogated" even though the Council shall enjoy "the maximum freedom in the day to day administration of the country." (7) "That even though the War Minister will be an Indian, "the constitutional position of the armed forces is in no way changed." (8) That the Viceroy as the head of this new Government will be responsible to Parliament and (9) "That the Interim Government will "not have any power or indeed any desire to interfere in the field of provincial administration." It was, indeed in view of similar assurances that the League accepted the Statement of June 16. The same general formula about the representation of various interests on the Interim Government as was embodied in that Statement is again offered to the League. And it is in the interest of the League to accept it again.

Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy, Premier of Bengal, who has had an interview with Mr. Jinnah very recently, thinks that if the latter felt there was "a spirit of co-operation" on the Congress side he would take less than his present demands. The Congress spirit of co-operation has been consistently displayed for years past, particularly in the last resolution of the Working Committee, in the President's appeal to Mr. Jinnah at an interview to join the Interim Government and in his last broadcast. If the League responds to any extent, Congress will be but too happy to resume negotiations. It is good that Mr. Jinnah himself now realizes the need for fresh negotiations. But his suggestion that they should be held in England is hardly necessary. As we pointed out yesterday, both Congress and League have already accepted the long-range scheme of the Cabinet Mission. The Mission's general formula about the Interim Government has been accepted by the League before. If any details about it are to be discussed, they can be most conveniently discussed here. Only, as the negotiations need to be acceptable to the British Government as well as to the Congress and the League; all that is necessary is for that Government either to send its representatives here or to authorise the Viceroy to negotiate on its behalf.

Down With Untouchability

We are happy to learn that the Bombay Government will soon introduce in the Legislative Assembly in the current session a comprehensive Bill to remove the disabilities of Harijans. The Bill is said to be based on the one introduced by the last Congress Government shortly before its resignation, but several improvements have been made in it in the light of the Select Committee's report thereon and of public opinion in general. Briefly, it penalises any attempt to exclude a Harijan, on the ground of his being a Harijan, from any place, convenience, office or privilege which is open to other Hindus or the public. We heartily congratulate the Government on its venture. The Bill, however, does not affect temples, which are governed by a separate Act, which permits the trustees of any temple to open it to Harijans if they are satisfied that the Hindu public concerned supports the reform. But that Act does not go far enough. It does not compel the trustees to open a temple to Harijans if the Hindu public concerned demand the reform. It was, indeed, meant to be only a beginning and it has not been availed of by a large number of trustees. The Government should soon introduce another Bill compelling the trustees to respond to local Hindu opinion. It may conceivably create controversy but it ought not to be much delayed on that account. Congress and the Hindu public are pledged to the reform, which is a crucial test of the complete eradication of untouchability.

Frankly Speaking

Palestine Conference

The Jewish "terrorists" of Palestine are going all out to create a lurid background for the Palestine Round Table Conference, a background characteristically made up of murder and arson and blowing up of pipelines and road and railway bridges. It does not matter who is behind these outrages, the extremists or moderates. The goal of all is the same, the Zionisation of Palestine. And it is this goal against which the Arabs have to fight in London. It is a grave crisis because the Jewish demands enjoy, as they have enjoyed for so many years, strong support by powerful American and British sympathisers. It is unfortunate that the Arabs of Palestine have found themselves unable to participate in the conference. But the Grand Mufti is reported to have summoned the members of the Arab Higher Executive to Alexandria for urgent consultations. In view of the fact that some Arab League delegates had recently met the Grand Mufti, it may be that the present consultations are intended by the Grand Mufti to induce his colleagues to go to London as observers. This is the suggestion made by the Arab League delegates and it is a useful one because it will be so helpful to the delegates. Meanwhile, a declaration of the solidarity of Indian Muslims with Arabs is equally necessary.

U. N. O. Postponed

With four of the Big Five recommending it and with the United States having eventually agreed to support the recommendation, it is now certain that the September session of the United Nations Assembly will be postponed to November. This will cause disappointment to a good many member States, including India. For India has an important question to raise, a question of the honour and self-respect of Indians and, indeed, of all Asiatics. It is also an issue which vitally concerns the first and fundamental principle of the United Nations Organisation and the United Nations Charter. For India the matter is urgent because racialism is at work in South Africa as "a doctrine of State" and every day of the existence and functioning of such racialism is a day of grievous insult to Indians as also to all Asiatics.

Difficult Task

Yet the postponement would be acceptable to India as worthwhile if it helped in the speedy completion of the peace-making work at Paris. But will it? It is welcome news that both Russia and Britain believe that the Paris Conference will finish its work now in six months. This, however, relates only to Italy and other "satellite" States and is, therefore, less than half of the full task. The main problem is that of Germany and Austria. And here the conflict among the Big Powers is much more profound. If the postponement of the U.N.O. Assembly session contributes to the resolution of Big Power differences over Germany it will be a great thing. For agreement over Germany and Austria would mean nothing less than that the Big Powers have made a decisive end of individual ambitions, exclusive self-interest, mutual hostility and rivalry, indeed, an end of all power politics in favour of true and genuine international democracy. A noble objective and the only objective that can save the world. But—will they accomplish it?

Our Readers' Views

Parsee I. N. A. Officer Refutes Jinnah's Statement

Sir,—With reference to the controversy now going on whether the Parsees are with or against the Congress may I briefly express my views on the subject? In the majority of cases (say 95 p.c.) the Parsees are neither against the Congress nor wholeheartedly with it. As a most microscopic community in India they cannot afford to side with one particular party, however big it is, when there are other parties quite antagonistic to it, and the latter's number is also 1,000 times as big as their own number. They simply want to live peacefully on this most beautiful land, God has reserved for a large number of Aryans. Their motto has always been to live and let live. Throughout their long stay of about 1,300 years in India, they have always proved loyal to the ruling class, be it Hindu, Muslim or Christian, and they will continue to do so. There were six Parsees in the I.N.A. out of about a score only who were in Malaya serving the British Forces (either as commissioned officers or other ranks). There is not the shadow of doubt that the Indian National Congress, is, at present, the most powerful organisation in this country. By supporting the cause of the Congress the Parsees will not be told to have opposed the activities of any other organisation who is outside the Congress.

Before concluding let me quote the beautiful words of "Milton":

"None can love freedom heartily but good men,
The rest love not freedom but licence, which
Never hath more scope than under tyrants."

Who will deny that Parsees by their proud record have not proved themselves good men and women?

N. K. PATEL.
Dadar.

Major I.N.A.

Rent Control

Sir,—The real remedy of ending present tension between the landlords and the tenants lies in new constructions by the Governmene and the Municipality. With this the millowners, factory owners, postal & railway departments may be forced either morally or legally to build new premises for their servants and the clerical staff. This is the real way to wipe out the present evil.

But that will take time, and hence meanwhile necessary amendments to stop landlords' rapaciousness should be incorporated in the Rent Restriction Act as suggested by the Tenants' Conference of Ahmedabad and published in the press.

Ahmedabad.

B. J. KAPASI.

Removal Of Untouchability

Sir,—Gandhiji's all out efforts to stamp out untouchability may not achieve any conceivable results, unless radical and revolutionary changes in the existing atmosphere are brought about immediately. These changes are to be mainly sponsored especially by the influential and men-in-power caste-Hindus Temple entry here and there and erection of boards at the public wells enabling all castes to draw water cannot solve the problem of untouchability. Nursing the fundamental and time old practices and privations, any amount of exhortation by anybody cannot remedy the strongly rooted social evils. With the co-operation and influence of the other leaders, if the following methods are given effect to, there is every chance of abolishing the untouchability in a very short time:

(a) Until the Harijan hamlets are abolished as separate colonies and are absorbed into towns or villages the ever-widening gulf of difference and separation felt by both the parties from generation to generation, the instinct of untouchability will remain until Doomsday. Harijans may one day attain their full stature in every walk of life through the efforts of the Government and other workers, but the sight of a separate Harijan hamlet away from the dwelling places of others is sure to brighten that black spot of untouchability.

Uncleanliness is the fault pointed out very freely by the others. Cleanliand other good habits, if still wanting will follow of their own accord when once they begin to live along with Caste-Hindus.

(b) There is ample scope for the real sympathisers with Harijans towards abolishing untouchability if they were to engage untouchables as their domestic servants in place of other touchables, for such purposes as cleaning vessels, houses. This revolutionary attitude is claimed to be a sure remedy to remove untouchability and how immensely this act will be appreciated is the matter for action.

(c) Vacant lands in the municipal and local boards areas of the towns and villages are to be given to the Haijans on nominal charge for constructing houses. This act, if given impetus to, all other social barriers like temple, hotel entries will be solved gradually.

(d) Much constructive work towards abolition of Untouchability is to be done by the influential Caste-Hindus of the respective localities to bring about social harmony. Constan contracts are to be made by such persons instead of occasional ones.

(e) To a great extent the men of the Caste-Hindu fold may conciliate with the Harijans, but their womenfolk, who rule the houses, never yield to the pressure of the men to have anything to do with the untouchables. Their ignorance remains as adamant as ever in this respect. Therefore besides propaganda work by the sympathetic and educated men and women, education of the females in general is quite essential.

(B. R. R. M.)

How To Build Unity

Act As Ancient Attica & Revolutionary France Did

(BY P. A. WADIA)

Will you permit me some space in your columns on a proposal made some time back advocating the creation of a new administrative unit which would include the British district of Kerala and the Indian States of Cochin and Travancore? I have no claims to speak on the merits or demerits of this particular issue: but I do believe that underlying this definite proposal there is a principle which has to be very seriously considered as a solvent of some of the urgent problems that face this unfortunately divided land of ours. We have had centuries of divisions between the Harijans and the caste Hindus, added to these have been the divisions between Hindus and Muslims which a hundred years of slavery to the white rulers have inspired us to attribute to our masters. Who else can bear the burden of these sins except those who have accustomed us to regard as the divinely appointed guardians and trustees, the authors of all our fortunes and misfortunes? And to crown these divisions are the newly created Provincial jealousies and rivalries and the exalted concepts of political sovereignty inspired in rulers hitherto regarded as vestiges of medieval times surviving in this land through artificial blood infusion under the administration of doctors known as political agents.

Diseases that are likely to prove fatal require heroic remedies, and above all a spirit of political adventure ready to take risks. Conservatism has always been the outcome of fear, in the social and economic as much as in the political sphere. Have not the churches sought security behind dogmas and creeds which are deeply entrenched in the unalterable sanctities of the past? And have not the nations even in our times believed themselves secure by the piling up of armaments which cripple the life of the body as dogmas cripple the life of the soul? Those who believe in the sanctity of static institutions in a changing world are likely to run the danger of extinction.

FOLLOW ATHENS AND FRANCE

The principle that underlies the Cochin Maharaja's proposal emphasises and calls attention to the need of transforming and radical political changes and the opportunity that is offered to our leaders for effecting these changes through the Constituent Assembly. Shall we perpetuate the political and social divisions of the past in the hope of finding refuge behind the sanctity of territorial alignments suited to the traditions of earlier generations? Or shall we rise to the occasion, and taking courage in our hands, do what Cleisthenes did in the history of ancient Attica and the revolutionaries of 1789 did in the history of France? In the history of Attica before the advent of Cleisthenes the blood ties of the clans went back to nomadic times, and they were supplemented by the territorial ties of the village street. The conflict between tribe and tribe and clan and clan precluded them from recognising that they were first of all Athenians. It was the drastic reforms of Cleisthenes that destroyed the old organisation of the four tribes and the worship of the local Baals and reshuffled the entire population of Attica into new administrative divisions known as the demes. The Athenian citizens of a later age ceased to distinguish themselves by their fathers' names, as Miltrades, the son of Cypselus, and Miltrades, the son of Cimon, breaking down their sentiments of common ancestry, and took pride in belonging to a State whose "citizens were lovers of beauty without extravagance and lovers of wisdom without unmanliness."

And the work of the revolutionaries of France was not dissimilar, when all the old jealousies and differences between province and province, between Breton and Provincial, between Burgundian and Picardian, when all the distinctions of law and language, manners and customs, were cleared away and brushed aside by a division of the whole country into administrative departments which for the first time made the people of France self-conscious of their common destinies and common nationality.

Will the Constituent Assembly now about to begin its work follow in the footsteps of the French Constituent Assembly of 1789 and create a new and a more glorious India of the future, like the Athens of Pericles which followed upon the Cleisthenian reforms, an India which through territorial reshufflements will forget the differences between Hindu and Muslim, between the Bengalis and the Biharis, between Tamils and Telugus and rise into the vision of a common destiny? Shall this country of ours become to us a new Athens with laws "securing equal justice for all" and "our public opinion welcoming and honouring talent in every branch of achievement"?

TAKE RISKS

Sir C. P. R. Aiyar may be right, he may be wrong, in opposing the suggestion for a United Kerala, but the attitude behind it is an attitude of conservatism, reluctant to move with the changing times, to have his roots in the soil disturbed till the floods come and carry away the roots with the blossoming tree. Love for the larger whole must be prepared to take risks; will this love inspire our leaders in the responsible work of laying the foundations for the India of the future? Otherwise we may speak with the tongues of men and of angels, our speech will be but sounding brass and tinkling cymbals. And what shall be our actions like?

Hindu Anti-Bigamy Bill

(By P. S. BAKHLE)

It is a well-known fact that Hindu Law does not recognise divorce except when allowed by custom. A Hindu male never feels the necessity for a legislation permitting divorce among Hindus as he can achieve the same result by marrying again during the lifetime of his first wife. The question therefore of making the Hindu marriage strictly monogamous was more vital to Hindu females than to Hindu males. Soon after she was elected to the Indian Legislative Assembly, Mrs. Radhabai Subbarayan took up the question and drafted a legislation for prevention of polygamous marriages among Hindus. It was however unfortunate that the Bill drafted by her, which would have been applicable all over India, could not make much progress. In April 1939, Mrs Lilavati Munshi introduced in the Bombay Legislative Assembly her Bill to prevent bigamous marriages among Hindus. The Council of Ministers for the Province of Bombay resigned on the 4th November 1939 and even Mrs. Munshi's Bill could not make much progress. When the Provincial Legislature began to function early this year Mrs. Munshi again came out with her Bill. The Home Minister however announced that the Government proposed to introduce shortly a comprehensive Bill on the subject and on that assurance Mrs Munshi did not press her Bill. The Home Minister accordingly introduced in the Bombay Legislative Assembly the Bill to prevent bigamous marriages among Hindus and it has since been referred to a Select Committee.

Clause 4 of the Bill is the most important one. It lays down that notwithstanding any law, custom or usage to the contrary, a bigamous marriage shall be void, (a) if it is contracted in the Province of Bombay after the coming into force of this Act, or (2) if it is contracted beyond the limits of the Province of Bombay after the coming into force of this Act and either or both the contracting parties to such marriage are domiciled in the Province of Bombay. Sub-clause (b) would thus prevent the evasion of the provisions of the proposed legislation by having the bigamous marriage solemnised outside the limits of the Province of Bombay.

Violation of the provisions contained in clause 4 shall be an offence punishable under Section 494 of the Indian Penal Code. Persons below the age of 7 cannot be punished for any offence under Section 82 of the Indian Penal Code and Section 83 of of the Code lays down that nothing is an offence which is done by a child above seven years of age and under twelve, who has not attained sufficient maturity of understanding to judge the nature and consequences of his conduct on that occasion. Thus all persons above the age of twelve years are liable to be punished for an offence under any of the Sections of the Indian Penal Code including Section 494. It is therefore difficult to understand why clause 5 of the Bill under consideration should exempt persons between the ages or twelve and sixteen from the operation of that clause.

Clauses 6 and 7 deal respectively with the question of penalty for solemnising a bigamous marriage and penalty for persons having charge of minors concerned in bigamous marriages. These clauses have been modelled on the lines of Sections 5 and 6 of the Child Marriage Restraint Act, 1929. Clause 8 relates to the jurisdiction of Courts to try cases under the Act. Clause 9 lays down that offences under the Act would be cognisable. This is a salutory provision inasmuch as there would be less chances of the offenders against the provisions of this Act escaping the punishment.

It is no doubt true that this piece of legislation would effect a much needed reform in the Hindu marriage law. One would have liked it to have been made applicable to all communities in which bigamous marriages are allowed under the law as it stands today. One feels the necessity of such an extended application more when one finds that persons contracting bigamous marriages, realising that they could not be married according to Vedic rites or under the Special Marriage Act, 1872, became Sikhs or Arya Samajists and had their marriages solemnised under the Anand Marriage Act, 1909 or the Arya Marriage Validating Act, 1937.—Further a bigamous marriage is either an evil or not an evil. If it is an evil it would be so in respect of all communities. The only other community wherein bigamous marriages are allowed under the existing law is the Muslim Community. The Late Syed Ameer Ali and Sir Abdur Rahim have in their treatises on Mahommadan Law stated that monogamy was the ideal of the Islam Law also. This restriction of the application of this Act to Hindu alone would thus afford a loophole to unscrupulous persons for evading the provisions of this Act, especially in these days when conversion and reconversion has become a matter of convenience and does not take a long time.

Clause 4 as has been stated above makes the bigamous marriage void. This is the first time when a Hindu marriage duly solemnised would be rendered void by operation of law. Taking into consideration the present condition of the Hindu Society it would be very difficult to find a husband for a girl whose marriage has been declared to be void as being begamous. A child marriage solemnised in violation of the provisions of the Child Marriage Restraint Act, 1929, is not void and still provision has been made in that Act under Section 12 investing the Court with power to issue an injunction against persons who are about to act in contravention of the said Act prohibiting such marriage. A provision on that line is more necessary in the present Act when the marriage in violation of its provisions would be void. It is surely better to prevent the marriage in violation of the provisions of the Act than to make it difficult for the girl to contract another marriage. In the absence of a provision in the Act for prevention of a bigamous marriage the position of the female party to such a marriage would be rendered more precarious.

There is one more suggestion that I would like to make and it is this. Section 562 of the Code of Criminal Procedure gives power to the Court to release first-offenders on probation of good conduct on admonition instead of sentencing them. Ordinarily offenders against the provisions of this Act would be first offenders and not confirmed criminals. It would be defeating the object of this Act if they were to be released on probation of good conduct or on admonition. I would therefore suggest the insertion of a new clause laying it down in clear and unambiguous terms that Section 562 of the Code of Criminal Procedure will have no application to cases under this Act.

When Mrs Munshi had in 1939 introduced her Bill to prevent bigamous marriages amongst Hindus, it was circulated for eliciting public opinion on it. The opinion submitted by the Chairman of th Managing Committee of the Sanatan Vedic Dharma Sabha, Surat, can be taken as representing the opinion of the orthodox section of the Hindu Society. The said opinion stated that the Hindus regarded the marriage Institution as an integral part of their religious and social structure and that any interference in it is a serious interference in their religious rights and privileges. In other words, it is their contention that to prevent bigamous marriages amongst Hindus is an inroad on Hindu religious principles. I propose to examine in short the correctness of this contention. 'Apastambha Dharmasutras' state that if there be a dutiful wife who has borne children, the husband should not marry another during her lifetime. It is further stated by Apastambha that one who abandons his (faultless) wife should put on the skin of an ass with hair outside and should beg for alms at seven houses for six months. While commenting on Manu Chapter III Verse 4, Madhatithi has observed that it is only the wife first wedded that attains the position of a wife and that the wife wedded on the second occasion does not attain that status. Manu in Verse 167 of chapter V has prescribed 'mutual fidelity until death' in the case of husband and wife. To the same effect can passages be found in other Smritis. The question of enforcing monogamy had engaged the attention of the Rau Committee. The said Committee in the course of its report observed that to enforce monogamy amongst Hindus would only be the restoration of the rule of Hindu Law. The Committee further observed: "We say restoration advised ly for we believe that according to early Hindu Law monogamy was the approved rule and polygamy an exception requiring legal justification." 'Kautilya's Arthashastra' lays down that the person marrying again during the lifetime of his first wife must not only pay to his first wife her Stridhan and a share in his property but the King should impose upon him a fine of 24 Panas. It would thus be seen that the Hindu Dharma Shastra' recognised polygamy only as an exception requiring some legal justification. It would not therefore be correct to say that the Hindu religious texts sanctioned with approval bigamous marriages and that any attempt to prevent bigamous marriages amongst Hindus is an inroad upon the Hindu religion. The condition of a deserted wife—and a woman whose husband has married again during her lifetime is in no better position than that of a deserted wife—is most pitiable and she is required to spend the rest of her life in utter misery. In this connection I would like to invite the attention of my orthodox Hindu friends to the following verse from Manu (Ch. III Verse 57): "Where the female relations live in grief, the family soon perishes; but that family where they are not unhappy ever prospers." What Manu said about a family is equally true of religion. I would therefore appeal earnestly to my orthodox friends that if they really have the interests of the Hindu religion at heart, they should support the legislation to prevent bigamous marriages and not oppose it. If they oppose this piece of legislation it would only position that Hindu religion has held so far.

TETE A TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

JERUSALEM, Sept. 10, (Reuter): Major Desmond Doran, British Security Officer was killed and his wife seriously injured when terrorist bombs wrecked their house in the all-Jewish city of Tel Aviv yesterday.

★ ★ ★

Comrade R. Palme Dutt is reported to have declared at a Communist meeting in London: "We shall give all support to the Nehru Government in its task conducted in the interests of the Indian people and to mobilise the country from its present position."

Looks as if Comrade Palme Dutt doesn't entertain much faith in the possibilities of certain international developments.

★ ★ ★

It is announced that Mr. Winston Churchill is to tour Canada in the spring.

He naturally cannot do it earlier because in the autumn he must be in his place in the Commons in order to save Indian Muslims from Hindus and Palestine and Egyptian Muslims from themselves those suicidally reckless fellows who demand that Britain should quit both Palestine and Egypt.

★ ★ ★

The Soviet Army organ, "Red Star", alleges that Britain is making "intensive war preparations" in the Middle East with the Transjordan and Palestine as bases.

Britain must quit both.

But—who will induce Mr. Winston Churchill to agree?

★ ★ ★

The "Manchester Guardian's" eve-of-meeting comment on the Palestine Round Table Conference is that it is "the triumph of hope over experience".

Quite right and natural, too, being the child of the nearly thirty year old triumph of wish over principles.

★ ★ ★

Lord Beaverbrook's "Daily Express" suggests that if the Jews and the Arabs cannot compose their feud, Britain should notify the trusteeship council of the U.N.O. of her resolve to lay down the Palestine Mandate.

We must enthusiastically endorse this suggestion.

★ ★ ★

By the way, this Beaverbrook paper also adds that "it is impossible to withhold sympathy from the motives behind the Zionist motives".

May we venture to draw the attention of those in India who are eagerly developing faith in Conservative sympathy, to this observation?

★ ★ ★

We read correspondence in a contemporary against changing street names because "it causes inconvenience, desroys history and is a disrespect to hallowed memory."

There is history and history. And some history needs to be destroyed.

Argument No. 3 doesn't arise.

HOW TO END THE DEADLOCK

Nariman's Suggestion

Mr. K. F. Nariman, Bombay, has issued the following statement:—

In response to the repeated appeals from the Viceroy and Pandit Nehru and from other influential quarters, the League President, through his spokesman, the Bengal Premier, has at last put forward some constructive proposals and offered terms and conditions for the League to enter the Interim Government.

According to Dr. Suhrawardy, the League would certainly join the Interim Government "if parity were granted, no non-League Muslims were included and all major communal issues were decided by majority vote of both sides". Thus, the main obstacle seems to be the insistence of inclusion of Nationalist Muslims none can dispute their moral claim and equitable right, but if the present crisis could only be tided over by expediency and wise statesmanship, would it not be both wise and expedient, for the Nationalist Muslims themselves, to come forward, and, in the larger interests of India and for peace and unity, forego their undoubted claim and right? Such a patriotic act of generosity and self-sacrifice will be very greatly appreciated at this critical juncture, and the Nationalist Muslims would certainly render much greater service to the country and the nation by abstaining, than by insistence of enforcing their abstract right of participation. At least the three elected members should at once voluntarily place their resignations in the hands of Pandit Nehru, to be used, if and when he thinks that the larger interests of the country could be better served by their resigning than by continuance, as it would be extremely embarrassing for the Congress to ask them to withdraw. The main hurdle thus being removed, Pandit Nehru should restart negotiations on the basis of the last declared terms for reconciliation, and thus fulfil his dream for a "Co-operative Commonwealth in which all would be equal sharers in opportunities."

The present intolerable and tragic situation must end. India cannot rejoice at the advent of Interim Government, when two of her largest Indian cities are converted into 'human slaughter houses' and the flame of inter-communal strife threatens to spread countrywide, and hundreds of families are weeping and mourning for the loss of their near and dear ones. Further, the humiliation and disgrace of being constantly protected and rescued by British bayonets is most galling. Let the patriotic Nationalist Muslims, rather than the British bayonets, save and redeem the situation. Will they rise to the occasion?

ALLAHABAD, Sept 9. (A. P. I.):—At a meeting of the Provincial Committee of the Allahabad Forward Bloc, held here yesterday under the presidentship of Pandit Padam Kant Malaviya, it was decided to celebrate the fourth anniversary of the Provisional Government of Azad Hind on October 21.

Mr. C. Mukherjee was deputed by the committee to run the Subhas School of Politics and Capt. Masumder was authorised to organise the Azad Hind Dal in the city.

'Destiny Of Britain Linked With Arabs'

Attlee's Give-&-Take Plea At Palestine R. T. C.

Enumerates Whitehall's Achievements In Appeasing Middle-East

LONDON, September 10. (Reuter): Mr. Clement Attlee, British Prime Minister, opening the Palestine Conference at Lancaster House in London, today, declared that the present state of affairs in Palestine could not be permitted to continue. But, he said, that no settlement was possible in Palestine until each community was prepared to make concessions and take account of the other's interests.

"Too much time should not be devoted to discussion of past history," the Prime Minister added. "No plan, however, firmly rooted in the past which fails to give due weight to the existing situation is likely to provide a solution of our difficulties".

Mr. Attlee pledged the British Government to do everything in its power to help Arabs in promoting economic expansion and social progress. He said he regretted that the Arabs of Palestine had decided not to send representatives, but he was fully satisfied that the Arab point of view was adequately and effectively represented.

The British Prime Minister said that for 25 years, successive British Governments had watched with close and sympathetic interest the progress of Arab national revival. "I am sure you will agree the revival must have proceeded far more slowly if the Ottoman Dominion in Arab parts of Asia had not been broken by British armies during the war of 1914-18," he said.

WHERE THEY DIFFER

"It is not for want of British support that Transjordan's first application for membership of the United Nations has encountered obstacles. On the other hand, I think we may fairly claim that the presence of the Syrian and Lebanese Republics among member states of the United Nations is due to British encouragement and assistance.

Only in Palestine, for reasons, which we shall examine together found this table, has there been conflict in principle between British policy and Arab aspirations.

A national revival is not completed by attainment of political independence. I believe that Arab states now have the opportunity of inaugurating important economic developments from which the common people of their countries would greatly benefit and which would increase their strength and stability. I am happy to see that co-operation in such developments is one of the purposes of the Arab League. I can assure you that His Majesty's Government, will, in so far as you ask for their help, do everything in their power to help you in promoting economic expansion and social progress.

"I much regret that the Arabs of Palestine have decided not to send representatives to the conference. But knowing how near this question of Palestine is to the hearts of neighbouring Arab countries, I feel fully satisfied that, even if there are no Palestine delegates, the Arab point of view is adequately and effectively represented by the present gathering.

Mr. Attlee said that he did not believe that it was, as sometimes stated, a problem to which no solution was possible. "Given a spirit of realism and understanding, I am convinced that a solution can be found.

"But discovery of such a solution will be the high test of statesmanship and I can conceive of no better augury for the success than attendance here of so many distinguished representatives ready to devote themselves to grappling with the difficulties which we all know will be inherent in any plan which can be devised.

OPEN MIND.

"This is not the occasion for discussion of details and I do not propose to attempt to enumerate or to dilate upon the difficulties to which I have referred. His Majesty's Government have themselves put forward a plan which seems to them to be well worthy of consideration. A discussion of this plan will be the first item on the conference agenda.

"But I wish to make it quite clear that we have not made up our minds in advance of our discussions with you. Our plan is not a decision to which we are committed, but a proposal, which we ask you to consider. It is open to any delegation either to suggest amendments to it or put forward proposals for a settlement on different lines. Our great desire is that the discussions shall be as full, as frank and free as possible.

"It is from interchange of views on such lines that an adequate solution is most likely to emerge.

"You, as statesmen, know that no conference can achieve anything if those attending it have made up their minds in advance and are determined to adhere to preconceived opinions. In a matter of this kind where great clash of interests is involved, there must be give and take; it is only along the path of negotiation where all views are respected, weighed and taken into consideration that we can hope to emerge into daylight.

IN WORLD CONTEXT.

"Finally, we must all remember that the Palestine problem cannot be treated in isolation, but must be regarded against the wider background of world policy. Palestine is a tiny country, but everything that happens in it has reactions in a far wider sphere. To plan for Palestine, while ignoring these reactions would be to shut ones eyes to realities of the case: the structure might seem worthy, but the foundations would be on sand.

"It is fitting that the whole of this broad background should be surveyed in a spirit of friendship at this conference table.

For anything that affects the Arab peoples is a matter of interest to the British people, and in some way the destiny of Britain is, I believe, a matter of importance to the Arabs. We are associated in natural partnership. Sometimes it has seemed that the harmony of this partnership is threatened by impact upon it of events in Palestine.

It is my earnest hope that we shall succeed in removing that danger by frankly explaining our difficulties to one another and searching together for a solution to which you and we can honourably agree.

COMPLEX PROBLEM.

"You are to consider a problem of utmost complexity; a heavy weight of responsibility rests upon you in dealing with it. But a way must be found, and I am confident you will approach the task of finding it with wisdom and full realisation of the benefits, both in the Middle East and elsewhere, which would flow from a just and lasting settlement of the Palestine question".

Mr. Attlee said he regretted he could not personally take part in the conference deliberations because of his duties as Prime Minister. "But I shall follow their course with the keenest interest and do all I can to promote their success.

"I pray that the opening of this conference may be also the opening of a new and happier chapter in the history of Palestine. I anticipate great results from the personal contacts which are being established here. The fact that we are thus met together shows you the extent to which His Majesty's Government recognises Palestine as a subject of legitimate interest and concern to all Arab peoples".

He concluded: "The fact that you have come here to meet us is, I hope, yet further evidence of the bonds of friendship which unite you and your peoples with the people of the British Empire".

JEWISH AGENCY CONDEMNS OUTBREAKS

JERUSALEM, Sept. 10. (Reuter): Strong condemnation of the latest terrorist outbreaks was voiced by the Jewish Agency and the Jewish National Council from Palestine today in a statement deploring the loss of life.

The statement added: "the Jewish Agency, has been seeking a realistic basis for an agreed settlement on the future of Palestine and has been engaged in conducting discussions and negotiations since the beginning of August. It will not relax its efforts in this direction and will not be deflected by violent actions.

ARABS TO REPLY AT NEXT SESSION?

LONDON, Sept. 10. (Reuter): The Palestine conference opened today in London with a formal address by the British Prime Minister, Mr. Attlee declared his belief that the Palestine problem was not insoluble. "but" he added, "the discovery of such a solution will be a high test of statesmanship".

The Leader of the Syrian Delegation, His Excellency Faris Bey el Khouri, acknowledged Mr. Attlee's speech of welcome and said that Arabs hopped to reply at the next session.

The deleates talked informally among themselves until lunchtime when the Conference adjourned until tomorrow. It is understood that Faris Bey El Khouri will then make a formal reply to Mr. Attlee's address of welcome.

Today's meeting of the Jewish Agency executive in London gave full consideration to Mr. Attlee's speech and a draft of it was sent to Dr. Chaim Weizmann, President of the Agency.

BRITISH ARMY SERGEANT KILLED

JERUSALEM, Sept. 10. (Reuter): A British Army Sergeant was shot and killed by Jewish Terrorists while investigating an explosion near Petah Tiqva last night, it is officially announced here.

Three British sappers were injured when removing mines on the road to the headquarters of the Sixth Airborne division.

North of Nathanya, one British officer and one soldier were slightly wounded, an official statement listing the latest outrages adds.

CURFEW IN TEL AVIV LIFTED

JERUSALEM, Sept. 10, (Reuter). The Curfew imposed on Tel Aviv last night has been lifted and troops who occupied the city for more than 15 hours have been withdrawn, it is officially stated

MORE EXPLOSIONS IN PALESTINE

British Security Officer Killed In Monday's Outrage

JERUSALEM, Sept. 10 (Reuter): Six to seven explosions occurred shortly before midnight last night in the Jewish settlement of Nathanya, midway between Tel Aviv and Haifa. No details are yet available.

BRITISH OFFICER KILLED

JERUSALEM, Sept. 10 (Reuter): Major Desmond Doran, British Security Officer was killed and his wife seriously injured when terrorist bombs wrecked their house in the all-Jewish city of Tel Aviv yesterday.

They were sitting on the balcony when the bombs exploded. Mrs. Doran who for some time was trapped under the debris is now in a hospital suffering from the shock. The fourth occupant has not yet been traced.

Earlier reports said that Major Dorman was hit in the shoulder by bullets.

Several thousand troops of the British Sixth Airborne Division were moving into Tel Aviv last night while the police carried out searches.

In other terrorist attacks, Deputy Superintendent Cohen, Tel Aviv's Senior Police Officer, was wounded and an Arab temporary constable on duty at the Public Information Office opposite the Major's house was killed and five other persons slightly injured.

The bomb was thrown at the Public Information Building from a passing car in which were six khaki-clad men, it was reported.

During the terrorist activities in Tel Aviv last night, saboteurs of the Jewish underground organisation, Irgun Zwei Leumi, were officially stated to have blown up a railway signals box, damaged the railway line in several places between Jaffa and Tel Aviv, blown up a road bridge in the centre of the city and attempted to blown up a railway crossing on Allenby road, Tel Aviv's main street.

JEWISH RADIO'S CALL FOR BOYCOTT OF BR. FORCES

JERUSALEM, Sept. 10. (Reuter): A secret radio station calling itself "the Voice of Tel Aviv," broadcasting in Hebrew, today urged the 175,000 inhabitants of the all-Jewish city of Tel Aviv not to co-operate in any way with the British forces now operating in the city.

The broadcast said: "Do not show identity cards if called upon. Do not accept bread Maintain your pride and dignity."

OCT. 5 FIXED AS DEADLINE

Move To Speed Up Paris Conference Work

PARIS, Sept. 10. (Reuter): The Paris Conference has tentatively fixed October 5 as the deadline for completing the work of the committees, Mr. Leif Egeland, the South African Chairman of the Italian Political and Territorial Committee announced today.

Evidence of increasing harmony between representatives of the "Big Four" was seen in the Balkans and Finland Economic Committee this morning for the second successive day. The United States made a conciliatory move towards the Soviet desire to see that the benefits for Allied nationals concerning industrial, artistic and literary property in Rumania extended only to nations which broke off relations with Rumania, by proposing that the relative article and annex should be linked. Yesterday the Soviet representative had made a similar gesture towards an American proposal.

No decision was taken by the Committee today pending the drafting of the final text. The Committee then adopted the remaining paragraphs of the annex dealing with industrial, literary and artistic property.

The Italian Political and Territorial Committee spent a greater part of this morning discussing procedure after Mr. Egeland's appeal to the delegates to dispose of the Trieste question this week so that the Committees could end their work by October 5.

Australia proposed that a sub-committee be set up to study the Satute of Trieste and report in seven days. Yugoslavia wanted a general debate first.

Britain said there was no need for a debate but the Soviet Union thought that the sub-committee would be lost in a mass of material if there were no general debate first.

Finally the committee adopted by 19 votes to one British vote the Yugoslav proposal to appoint a sub-committee after a general debate had taken place. It was agreed that the sub-committee would consist of Britain, Australia, France, Holland, Poland, the Soviet Union, the United States and Yugoslavia.

Greek Demand For Plane & Pilot

ATHENS, Sept. 10, (Reuter): The Greek Minister in Belgrade is to ask the Yugoslav Government for the return of the Greek Air Force Spitfire forced down by anti-aircraft fire on Yugoslav territory last Friday, it was officially announced here today. The Minister will also ask for the release of the pilot, 23-year-old George Tanganakis.

The Greek Note which the Minister is handing to the Belgrade Government states that the plane flew over Yugoslav territory unintentionally after the pilot had got off his course.

King Abdullah To Meet Iraq Regent

AMMAN (TRANS JORDAN) Sept. 10, (Reuter): King Abdullah of the Trans Jordan will fly tommorrow from Amman to Mosul in Iraq to see the Regent Abdul Illah, it was learned here today. King Abdullah has been taking an active interest in the Palestine situation.

Facilities For Haj Pilgrims

Intending Haj pilgrims are informed that the Government of India have decided to permit each Haj Pilgrim to export wheat or rice at a rationed scale of 12 oz. per day and dal in reasonable quantity for their two months stay in the Hejaz. Arrangements for the supply of these provisions have been made at the ports of embarkation.

Intending Haj pilgrims will note that the Haj Booking Office was closed at New Delhi on August 28, 1946. It has now been split up into three portions, which will move to Karachi, Bombay and Calcutta.

MILESTONE IN COCHIN'S HISTORY

Coalition Ministry Installed In State

ERNAKULAM, Sept. 9. (A.P.I.): A milestone in Cochin's political history was reached this morning when the Interim Government consisting of representatives of various political parties, including the Praja Mandal, assumed charge of the administration from the Dewan Sir George Boag.

The personnel of the Ministry consist of the leaders of three political parties Rao Bahadur T. K. Nair (Progressive Party), Rao Saheb K. Aiyappan (Socialist Party), Mr. P. Govinda Menon and Mr. C. R. Iyyunni (leader and member respectively of Praja Mandal Party).

At 10 this morning they motored to Hill Palace at Tirupunithura where they were received by the Sarvadhikariar Mr. V. Krishna Menon and the Maharaja's personal staff. Later they were conducted to the Maharaja, who after a brief but impressive ceremony, presented the credentials popularly known as "Teettoorams" to the newly sworn Ministers. The Ministers then visited Huzur Secretariat where they were received by the Chief Secretary and other secretaries and heads of Departments. The Ministers then assumed charge of various Departments from the Diwan.

The allocation of portfolios had already been agreed upon. Rao Bahadur T. K. Nair is in charge of departments of Excise, Forests, Medicine, Public Health and Panchayats. Rao Sahib Aiyyappan is in charge of Public Works Department and uplift of Depressed Classes. Mr. P. Govinda Menon has been allotted portfolios of Education, Food, Labour and Publicity while Mr. C. R. Iyyunni is given the remaining subjects.

A noteworthy feature of the Interim Government is that the four Ministers are working as a Cabinet based on the practice of joint consultation. Rao Bahadur T. K. Nair is likely to be elected as Deputy President. He was a former Minister.

This Interim Government will function until the new constitution based on adult franchise comes into force.

Premier On Workers' Leaders' 'Unhelpful Attitude'

MADRAS, Sept. 10, (API). "The Government will always extend its good offices to bring about a settlement if the Labour Union is anxious to settle the matter" said Mr T. Prakasam, Prime Minister answering an interpellation at question time in the Madras Legislative Assembly today.

The Premier regretted the "unhelpful attitude" of the workers' leaders, who did not appear before him a second time to pursue the matter, and added "the Government cannot be solicitous to approach persons who were not amenable for a settlement at any stage."

Denying that the Government were actively backing up the railway management, Mr. Prakasam said: "The General Manager was told that the Police Department would give them the necessary help to carry food and maintain Law and Order. No other help was asked for or promised."

Deficit Budget For Orissa

CUTTACK, Sept. 9, (API). The Revised Budget estimates for Orissa presented by Mr. Harekrishna Mahatab, Premier in the Orissa Assembly today revealed a revenue deficit of Rs. 49,52,000, compared with Rs. 34,75,000 of the budget estimates for the year framed under the Section 93 Regime.

There were increase in expenditure under Police, Public Health, Medical, Agriculture and Education, and Civil Works.

Union Indian Resister Released

DURBAN, Sept. 10, (Reuter). Mr. Sorabjee Rustomjee, leader of the South African Indian Delegation to India earlier this year who was released last night from the Durban gaol after serving a sentence for trespass, will be present when the U.N.O. hears India's complaint against South Africa despite the refusal by the South African Indian Congress to include him in the official party.

S. Rhodesia's No To Indians

GATOOMA, (Southern Rhodesia) Sept. 10. (Reuter). A move to restrict further trading licences to Indians was made at a meeting of the Town Council here which unanimously rejected applications by two Indians for trading licences.

Peace Committees In Calcutta

CALCUTTA, Sept. 9, (A. P. A.): Mr. K. F. Sobhan, Deputy Commissioner in charge of peace committees told newsmen today peace moves are being fast concretised in the City.

Hindus and Muslims of different mohallas are getting together in localised meetings for forming Peace Committees, he said.

Top-ranking members of all political parties had agreed to form City Ward Committees and a Ceneral Peace Committee "immediately," Mr. Sobhan added.

It was arranged that meetings of leading citizens in every ward should be called and the ward should be divided into small blocks each in charge of two men, one Hindu and one Muslim,—he said.

"Block-in-charge will do all that is possible to allay panic and protect residents from any outside attack with police help, the Peace Committee Deputy Commissioner stated, adding, popular response to peace moves has been excellent."

While five ward Peace Committees had already been formed, the Central Peace Committee under the chairmanship of Chief Minister H. S. Suhrawardy is in the making, Sobhan said and added, "a peace programme of daily broadcast by different community leaders has been arranged."

155 STOWAWAYS IN CUSTODY

SINGAPORE, Sept. 10 (Reuter) Soon after the 16,000-ton British liner "Cameronia" left Singapore today for Madras, 155 Indian stowaways were found on board and the ship put back into port to land them The 155 men were taken into custody and will be charged in Singapore tomorrow. "Cameronia" then sailed for Madras.

RAIN SAVES INDIA FROM INNINGS DEFEAT

Match Against Leveson Gower's XI Abandoned

(By Learie Constantine, Reuter's special commentator).

SCARBOROUGH, Sept. 10. (Reuter): The Indians' final match of the tour ended on a dismal note.

No play was possible after lunch owing to rain, but the match was not abandoned until 4 p.m. G.M.T. When the stoppage occurred the tourists faced almost certain defeat being twelve runs behind Leveson Gower's XI's first innings total and had only two second innings wickets left. It was the tourists' thirty-third match of the tour in which only four matches were lost fine record.

HAZARE-GUL MAHOMED STAND.

The two hours before lunch to-day was notable for the fourth wicket stand of Hazare and Gul Mahomed. Overnight they scored 31 in 45 minutes and they remained together another hour to add 56 before the left handed Mahomed, always seeking runs, jumped out once too often and was bowled. He hit six fours and scored his 57 out of 87.

Hazare, who hit four fours, was more orthodox in his methods and stayed 160 minutes to score 48 out of 135. The left arm slow-bowler Howorth, Worcestershire's all-rounder, claimed both these wickets and started a great spell of bowling which brought him all the five wickets which fell to-day for only 12 runs in ten overs. In two innings, he claimed nine wickets for 72 runs in 41 overs including 21 maidens. In this way, he followed up his feat of being the first and last batsman to score a century against the tourists this season. When the eighth wicket fell at 178, nearly half an hour still remained before lunch but Amarnath, in spite of the fractured little finger of his right hand, and Banerjee held out to the interval.

SCORE BOARD.

India (first innings) 139; Leveson-Gower's XI (first innings) 345; India (second innings) Mankad c Comber b Matthews 45; Sarwate b Smailes 0; Modi lbw Matthews 9; Hazare c Donnelly b Howorth 48; Gul Mohamed b Howorth 57; Hindlekar lbw Howorth 2; Hafeez b Howorth 3; Sohoni c Comber b Howorth 10; Banerjee not out 11; Amarnath not out 7; Extras (2 byes, 1 leg bye) 3

Total for (eight wickets) 194; Fall of Wickets 1 for 0, 2 for 27, 3 for 64, 4 for 151, 5 for 162, 6 for 166, 7 for 169, 8 for 178.

BOWLING ANALYSIS: Matthews 24/10/39/2; Smailes 18/4/31/1; Robinson 21/6/61/0; Howorth 22/10/-34/5; Wyatt 2,0/6/0; Robins 7/1/18/0; Heane 3/1/2/0.

The match was abandoned as a draw owing to rain.

W. I. BADMINTON

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Some more matches in the first rounds of the men's singles and men's doubles were decided this morning and evening. The keenest match of the evening was the one in which Vin and Vakeel were eliminated by Dias and Fernandes in the third game after surviving a number of match points. Jaini and Charanjit as well as some other notable combinations were seen this evening.

Wednesday's programme includes the first round of ladies' singles and men's doubles.

Further Improvement In City Situation

(Continued from Page 1).

bay, writes: The peace of last night was marred by an incident in Byculla area in which the police had to fire four rounds to disperse a crowd of 400. One person was killed.

The situation otherwise continues quiet, with all the leading workshops open this morning. The mills are closed owing to Anant Chaturdashi holiday to-day.

One case of fatal stabbing in a South Bombay area was reported between 6 and 10-30 a.m. this morning.

INDIAN CHAMBER'S CHIEF'S APPEAL FOR PEACE

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A meeting of leading businessmen held at the Indian Merchants' Chamber to-day under the Presidentship of Mr. Mohamed Husein Hasham Premji, President of the Chamber, fully endorsed the appeals issued on behalf of the Congress and Muslim League exhorting the people of the city to work for the immediate restoration of peace and normal conditions and to do all that was possible to calm down passions and to restore confidence and trust.

The meeting also appealed to all commercial organisations in the city actively to give effect to the appeals made by the political bodies by rendering mutual assistance in time of need and thus help to restore confidence and goodwill.

The appeal states:

"The city of Bombay had been known for its cosmopolitan character where all classes and communities have freely mixed and worked together in every sphere of life. It is the duty of every citizen of our great city to do everything possible to maintain this great tradition."

PAKWASA'S APPEAL TO SHOPKEEPERS

Mr. Mangaldas Pakvasa, President of the Bombay Legislative Council, has issued the following statement: "The public of Bombay has before it two fervent appeals by two big political organisations in the city for restoring mutual confidence and for bringing about normal conditions in the city at the earliest moment.

If this appeal is not to fall on deaf ears, it is necessary, in the interests of the city, that immediate steps should be taken following up the appeal.

One of the steps I would suggest is that shops of Hindus in the Muslim localities should be immediately opened, and similarly, shops of Muslims in the Hindu localities should also be immediately opened. That can only be done if safety of life and property is guaranteed by the inhabitants of that locality to the shopkeepers there.

I would therefore suggest that the leaders of the two organisations may meet and forthwith select street or streets where the shops can be opened in the way suggested.

Absolute protection should be guaranteed. This would help in creating confidence and dispelling distrust, and will bring about normally in business quarters immediately. If my suggestion is worth considering and being put into effect, then the representatives of the two organisations should meet immediately to consider what practical steps should be adopted to that end. I am glad to note that the Sheriff of Bombay has supported the appeal of the two organisations, and I would suggest that both the organisations utilise his services in doing work in the above direction."

SHERIFF THANKS LEADERS OF BOTH COMMUNITIES

Welcoming the appeals made by both the Congress and the Muslim League organisations for the restoration of peace and normal life in the city, Mr. A. A. Jaadenvala, Sheriff of Bombay, in a statement thanks the leaders of both the communities "for the great public service they have done."

Mr. Jaadenvala says: "The powerful influence of both the organisations is already being brought to bear on the immediate restoration of normal life of the city and I now appeal to every citizen actively to help in the great public service that they have undertaken and help in the restoration of mutual confidence. May God crown the efforts of all concerned with immediate success is my earnest prayer in which I request everyone to join."

MUSLIM AMBULANCE SOCIETY

The Muslim Ambulance Society, Bombay, has decided to establish a general hospital in the city. A committee has been appointed to work in co-operation with all Muslim institutions and the public.

CURFEW AT JULLUNDUR

JULLUNDUR, Sept. 10 (A. P. I.): Curfew from 8 p.m. to 5 a.m. has been imposed here for a week as a precautionary measure.

The Sohal Mela was held here today and during the celebrations, two groups of persons came to blows and some people were injured. Although this incident was not of a communal nature rumours to that effect spread quickly in the town and some shops were closed. In some places brickbats are said to have been exchanged.

The authorities took prompt action. Parties of police were rushed to strategic points, and the situation was quickly brought under control.

AHMEDABAD CURFEW EXTENDED

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 10 (A. P. I.): The curfew which has been in force in Ahmedabad City since July 1 last when communal rioting broke out has been extended for a further period of one week from to-day between 9 p.m. and 3 a.m. as the District authorities believe that there is still danger of disturbance of public tranquillity.

SEC. 144 IN ANKLESHWAR

ANKLESHWAR, Sept. 9 (A.P.I.): As a precautionary measure against any disturbances in the town, the District Magistrate of Broach has banned the carrying of lethal weapons by an order issued under Section 144 Cr. P. C.

SEC. 144 AT CALICUT

CALICUT, Sept. 10 (A.P.I.): The Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Calicut, passed orders to-day under Section 144 Cr. P. C. prohibiting public meetings and processions within municipal limits for one week. This step has been taken purely as a precautionary measure.

BISWAS REFUSED BAIL

CALCUTTA, Sept. 9 (APD): Mr. Makhan Lal Biswas, Secretary of the Bengal Provincial Hindu Mahasabha, who was arrested on September, 4 in connection with the recent disturbances in Calcutta, was refused bail today by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Mr. W. J. Palmer.

In passing orders, the Magistrate observed that the allegation against Mr. Biswas was that a mob of goondas led by him, set fire to a place of worship and burnt down a bustee.

"I cannot see my way to grant bail in such a case at this stage", he said.

CALCUTTA NORMAL

CALCUTTA, Sept. 10 (A.P.I.): The Director of Publicity, Government of Bengal has issued the following Press Note.

The city was normal throughout the day. No incident was reported to Lalbazar (Police Headquarters) upto 7 p.m. on Tuesday, September 10.

Commission To Inquire Into Calcutta Riots

NEW DELHI, Sept. 9, (APA): The Commission to inquire into the Calcutta riots probably will start work on October 12 or shortly thereafter, the Chief Minister H. S. Suhrawardy said today.

Mister Suhrawardy met today Sir Patrick Spens, Chief Justice of the Federal Court of India, who will head the Commission.

Mr. Suhrawardy said that the machinery of inquiry already had been started and that he would introduce a bill in the provincial legislature to aid the commission in taking evidence and in its other functions.

Statements already have been called for, he added.

D. F. KARAKA

Off My Chest

Pandit Nehru's week-end broadcast and the statement of the Bengal Premier, Mr. Hussan Suhrawardy, are "peace feelers". The shocking state of law and order in the country has been an eye-opener to both Congress and the League. Both have come to realise that unless there is some give and take at the top, the situation is likely to deteriorate. The question is no longer a Hindu-Muslim problem but a problem which affects the honest citizen and lays open to attack by "goonda" elements belonging to both communities.

While communal tension and communal riots have helped neither the Congress's nor the League's cause, they have provided the "goonda" with the right setting in which to operate. In the name of the Congress and the League much has been done, which both parties have condemned.

At first, these political parties had their political pride to consider and neither was willing to budge from the rigid stand it had taken. But gradually, both appear to have realised (so it is hoped) that if this tension is not checked, it will go beyond the control of Congress and the League and however much they might later unite to correct the mistakes of the past, they will be unable to do so.

India to-day is politically very vulnerable. It has launched on a new experiment without the necessary experience of administration, foreign affairs and other such subjects. The chances of succeeding are further reduced by the unrest at home—communal riots and labour strikes. Both Congress and the Muslim League have made promises to the people which are going to be difficult to implement. Basically, the people (the broad masses) don't care much about the political shades of difference between one policy and another or between one demand and another. They want food, clothing and a higher wage.

Now that an Indian Government has come into office, they expect all these miracles to be quickly performed. They want to see changes overnight.

In this province, where the Congress has been in office, there has been no important reform put out. Prohibition is a dead horse as far as the people are concerned and it is hardly the basis of a Government's policy. What else has happened? Are there to be any broad avenues to replace the narrow, filthy lanes of Kumbharwada? Are the temples to be opened to the Harijans and if so when? Is the ration for rice and food grain to be raised? Are there to be cheap but clean houses in which the average man can live in a minimum of cleanliness?

These are the questions the average man is asking. He wants answers to them. He supported the idea that Indians should govern instead of the British because he believed his lot would improve. But if it doesn't improve, he will soon change his loyalty to whoever can given him a better wage, a better house and a minimum of happiness.

Therefore, it is time the Congress and the League got together and retained the confidence of the common man.

STORY OF KAKODKAR'S HUNGER-STRIKE

NEW DELHI, Sept. 10, (A.P.I.): A correspondent who gave Mahatma Gandhi the information that Mr. Kakodkar of Goa was hunger-striking now sends him a correction to the effect that by hunger-strike he means abstention from cereals, pulses and vegetables, but that the prisoner was taking milk and fruit. The correspondence adds that there is amelioration in freeing conditions and that part all first to broken

Mahatma Gandhi has sent the following correction:

"I have now learnt from my original correspondent that by the hunger-strike of Shri Kakodkar means exclusion of all food except milk and fruit. He adds too that this partial fast is discontinued.

I regret the error into which I was led."

RELIEF CENTRE IN DADAR

A Rescue Camp is opened by the 'G' Ward Dist Congress Committee Dadar in Noor Building Tulsi Pipe Road opp. Dadar B.B. Station to give relief to persons of any community in distress.

Arrangements have also been made to give medical relief and Legal aid.

Arya Samaj Opens Relief Centres

Two more centres are opened by the Arya Samaj Bombay. One at Kamathipura and another at Byculla in peon's Cement Chawl at Erskine Road. One temporary ration shop is opened at Byculla in Cement Chawl where free food is distributed to poor. The people residing nearby should take its advantage.

A number of persons are taking advantage of the free medicine given by the Arya Samaj

Legal advice is given by Balkrishna Shukla Arya Samaj Bombay

Unclaimed dead bodies are removed from Jury House to cremation ground and Sonapur For any kind of relief work phone 26378 or see personally.

Joint Congress-League Efforts At Colaba

Thanks largely to the initiative of Khan Saheb Rafieddin Munshi and other Hindu and Muslim residents of Colaba Ward have shown commendable civic spirit by organising a joint committee to maintain peace In this committee Congressmen and League members have worked together and this joint working was specially marked on the occasion of the last Ganpati immersion.

League Appoints Hospital Sub-Committee

The Bombay Provincial Muslim League's Relief Committee has appointed a Hospital Sub-Committee.

The Sub-Committee visits and attends to the care and comforts of the Hospital inmates who have been victims of the present riot. It distributes fruits provides medicines and expensive injections and keeps the friends and relatives informed.

JINNAH MAY ACCEPT LESS THAN HIS DEMANDS

BUT CONGRESS MUST SHOW SPIRIT OF CO-OPERATION, SAYS SUHRAWARDY

NEW DELHI, Sept. 9 (APA).—Bengal Premier H. S. Suhrawardy, discussing the current impasse between the Interim Government and the Muslim League, declared that "if the spirit of co-operation is shown, the day of haggling is over."

Mr. Suhrawardy, who recently visited President M. A. Jinnah of the Muslim League at Bombay and who saw the Viceroy here, expressed the opinion in an interview that if Mr. Jinnah felt there was a "spirit of co-operation" on the Congress side, he would take less than his present demands.

"I have no detailed proposals to make", the Bengal Premier continued. "Mr. Jinnah is our chief and our general and it is for him to judge in what atmosphere and under what conditions the Muslim League will join up or will stay out.

"All that I have endeavoured to point out is that things are coming to such a pass, there is much of suspicion, distrust, even amounting to hate between the two nations that unless something is done and done quickly, and done in a large-hearted manner, done without quibbling, the prospects before us are not merely gloomy and ghastly, but just cannot bear contemplation.

"Muslim India means business."

In respect to the League entering the Interim Government, Mr. Suhrawardy said: "They tell us, 'come in and if you feel let down, or it does not work satisfactorily, then you can yet out and still be in a much better position.' I do not think so.

CRYSTAL CLEAR

"When today with the position as clear as crystal—that we have been let down and betrayed by the Cabinet Mission—we cannot get the sympathy of world opinion, except certain individual people, and what hope is there of getting it when the onus of proof will be on us every time?

"But what is most alarming is that I never hear them say that if you cannot work owing to the fault of the Congress, the Congress will leave or go out of the picture. Let them be as intransigent and unreasonable as possible; it is the Muslims that must always pay the penalty and suffer."

Mr. Suhrawardy added that "perhaps Jawaharlal Nehru or the person who pulls the string from behind really believed what he said, namely that the Muslims were bluffing and minor disturbances that might occur would be easily put down. Is it possible that men of sense and political insight could really have entertained that idea? Let us say, yes; let us not think the worst of them; for the alternative is nothing else but planning for sheer massacre.

"A solution, therefore, has got to be found and found quickly. Everyone knows that the tension instead of abating, is rising daily, even before the Muslim League has launched any programme of direct action, even the Muslim League has done nothing but told the Muslims to prepare for direct action.

"Heaven knows when the volcano will erupt and where. I know my Muslims. I dread their determination. No steps have yet been taken to mobilise them and yet their will to do or die is already writ large in flaming blood."

KRIPALANI EXPOSES LEAGUE TACTICS

BENARES, Sept. 9 (API).—Acharya Kripalani, former General Secretary of the A.I.C.C., explained at a public meeting what the Congress would do if the Muslim League refused to be pacified.

He said that though his colleagues were sitting at places in Delhi where their enemies used to sit yet they had not achieved real Swaraj. So far we have broken only one set of fetters around our feet.

Acharya Kripalani said, "We are not able to walk about yet because another fetter of the Muslim League was still around our feet.

The Leaguers claimed that they were not Indians and that India was not a country. They refused at the same time to go out of the country.

It is a very sorry situation. Indians would have to suffer for it. The Congress would try to pacify the League only to the extent to which they did not injure the country. If the Leaguers refused to be satisfied, the Congress would have to take a straight course and that was betterment of the country and helping the poor irrespective of religion, caste or creed.

The Congress would show the right way to the nation and it would be the duty of all to advance forward."

He concluded by emphasising that the Congress would continue to do its utmost to bring about unity among Hindus and Muslims so that every one should work for the betterment of the country as a whole.

PUNJAB LEAGUERS TRANSFER ASSETS?

LAHORE, Sept. 10, (API): Reports are current in Lahore that a number of propertied members of the Punjab Muslim League have lately transferred their assets, movable and immovable, in favour of their wives or other relatives in order to be prepared for the consequences of a no-rent or no-tax campaign that might be launched in connection with the Muslim League plan of Direct Action.

Huq Makes Appeal To Strengthen League

CALCUTTA, Sept. 9 (API): At his first public function after his re-entry into the Muslim League, Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, ex-Premier of Bengal, made an appeal this week-end to strengthen the League at present, "when Muslim India is passing through its most critical period in history." He prayed for strength for Muslims to fight the battle of freedom peacefully in order to achieve Pakistan.

The occasion was a reception given to Mr. Fazlul Huq by the Nuajavan Majlis at the Islamia College Hall.

New York Cotton Active & Erratic

NEW YORK, Sept. 9, (UPA): Active trading and erratic prices featured today's session of the New York Cotton Exchange.

The volume of trading was estimated between 350,000 and 400,000 bales.

Prices swung rapidly over a range of over five dollars per bale, weakening at the close in sympathy with the slump in securities.

The market opened five to 11 points higher. Prices broke sharply after the Bureau Report was published and then rallied to new highs for the day after which they re-slumped to new lows for the day in the final dealings.

The market closed 38 to 55 lower.

Wall Street interests pressed the selling side after the Bureau Report on the theory that the report can be discounted and that the market had become technically weaker with the shorts eliminated.

With the Report out of the way, traders thought that the market would seek new incentives. Some circles expect further advances in prices to meet stiffer opposition from Southern sources.

Chicago Grains Quiet

CHICAGO, Sept. 9, (UPA): Quiet trading and irregular prices featured today's session of the Chicago Commodity Exchange.

The market became easier after a steady opening.

HAPUR MARKET

HAPUR, Sept 10.

Silver Asuj Open ... highest 163/7 Lowest 162/7 Lotest 162/12 Gur Asuj Opened 93/8 Highest 93/10 Lowest 93/8 Lates 93/10 Spots unquoted under tone; quiet particularly Gold Guwar Ready 7/7 Moha 7/0/6 Later 7/1 Bardana Ready Md. 59/8 Dw 83 Asuj 61/4 Mangsir 61/8 steady grain control prices and stocks uncharged Mustardseed 15/8 Oil 45/12 Oilcake 3/12 U P Govt. decided continuing these prices for September Gur 13/8 Shakar 14/4 Cottonseed 11/8.

RUNNER'S GUIDE
Runners carrying mail-bags have a lance and a lantern as their main armour. When the lantern calls itself 'Dipti', the quality of it is assured.
DIPTI HURRICANE Lanterns
THE ORIENTAL METAL INDUSTRIES LTD.
JABAKUSUM HOUSE, CALCUTTA
EDL3/546

They are Lovely Mummy!
Delhi Biscuit Co's
NICE
CRISP·DELICIOUS·APPETISING
DELHI BISCUIT CO. LTD..... DELHI
Agents for Bombay Presidency:— H. MOHANLAL BROTHERS, 10, Old Custom House Road, BOMBAY.

INDEPENDENT SOCIALIST PARTY FORMED

Sequel To Jai Prakash's Inclusion In Congress Executive

(From Our Correspondent).

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 10 - An Independent Socialist Party, to be run on Marxist-Leninist lines has been formed with Headquarters at Allahabad.

Among the sponsors of the party are Mr. Rajdev Singh (Jubbalpore), Mr. Manmath Nath Gupta (Allanabad), Mr. Ramchandra Gandhi (Bihar), and Mr. Buxi Ram (the Punjab).

This is a sequel to Mr. Jai Prakash Narain joining the Congress Working Committee. The organisers of the party consider the Congress Socialist Party a recently-turned reformist organisation.

"Revolutionary" Socialists of Allahabad have decided to observe September 13 as "Yetendranath Day."

BR. REDS EJECT MOSLEY'S MEN

LEEDS, Sept. 10. (Reuter): Sir Oswald Mosley, former leader of the British Union of Fascists who was prevented from addressing a meeting of the "Union Book Club" here last night addressed a small company of the Book Club members in the street shortly before midnight. "I am here to sell books not to revive the British Union," he declared. "The Fascist Party in this country was killed by a defence regulation and has not since been revived."

Sir Oswald was due to speak in the room of a Leeds hotel at 8 last night but Communists raided the meeting place just before then and ejected the Club members.

CASE AGAINST AUG. 9 PROCESSIONISTS BEGINS

22 Boys And 6 Girls Figure As Accused In Delhi Court

NEW DELHI, Sept. 9. (API): The trial of 28 students including 6 girls, who were arrested on Aug. 9 on the charge of taking out a procession, in defiance of the Chief Commissioner's order, began today in the court of Major Teal, Additional District Magistrate.

Sardar Jaswant Singh, Inspector City Kotwali, the first prosecution witness, said that on August 9, 1946 at about 10-15 a.m. he received information that a students procession was coming from Kashmere Gate side. Witness with a police party met the procession at the end of Chandni Chowk. The procession consisted of about 500 students including several girls, who were shouting slogans. Some of them were carrying flags. Witness stopped the procession and warned them that they were an unlawful assembly and ordered them to disperse. The processionists, however, refused to disperse. They were again stopped near Dariba Kian. The police used gas to disperse the procession. The remainder of the processionists dispersed, but 28 accused were arrested on the spot.

Replying to a question, witness said that processions of more than ten persons were prohibited in Delhi by an order of the Chief Commissioner.

2 more prosecution witnesses were produced, who corroborated the evidence of the first witness.

Replying to the court's questions, all the accused admitted that they participated in the procession on August 9 and that they would file written statements.

The Court adjourned till Friday.

S. E. ASIA CONFEDERATION

Mr. Hasham Premji's Suggestions

POONA, Sept. 9, (API): A confederation of all the south-east Asiatic nations such as Burma, Ceylon, Malaya and Indonesia with India and China as the principal members was urged by Mr. Hasham Premji, President of the Indian Merchants Chamber, Bombay, speaking at the Brihan Maharashtra College of Commerce this morning. Principal D. G. Karve presided.

Mr. Premji emphasised the need for the establishment of such a confederation for the purpose of ensuring mutually advantageous common trade policies for these nations and a defence system which would help to consolidate the new nationalism which has sprung up. They can thus form a solid economic and political bloc with common trade and cultural ties.

"India's approach to this question," Mr. Premji said, "will be and should be as two brothers helping each other, planning to ensure exchange favourable to both the participants and a division of labour to ensure maximum output and maximum benefit. It will fall to India's lot to help in the development of these countries round the Indian ocean which have now secured freedom from the thraldom of western exploitation."

One More Assertion Of Netaji's Return

LAHORE, Sept. 9. (API): The unqualified assertion that "Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose is going to make his appearance on a certain date and at a certain place within a short time" was made by Prof. Mota Singh, President of the Punjab Forward Bloc and a close associate of the INA leader, here today.

The 70-year old professor who was addressing a meeting of Forward Bloc workers at the residence of Sardar Sardul Singh Caveeshar, Chairman of the All India Forward Bloc, asked by the Associated Press of India to elaborate his statement said: I am not prepared at present to go into further details regarding Bose's reappearance. My information is based on a reliable source through the agency of the INA."

Prof. Mota Singh speaking at a meeting yesterday had made the same prediction when he said that Subhas Bose was expected to discover himself before the end of this month.

Prof. Mota Singh had then appealed to his audience to maintain an atmosphere of cordiality and communal harmony which above every thing else were the creed of Subhas Chandra Bose.

Bulgaria Votes For Republic

LONDON, Sept. 10 (Reuter): Bulgaria voted 92.27 per cent in favour of the Republic at yesterday's referendum on its future status, said a Bulgarian Foreign Office announcement quoted by Sofia Radio last night.

The announcement gave the following official result:

Votes for the Republic 3,801,160;
Votes for Monarchy, 197,176;
Invalid voting papers, 119,168.

The total number of votes represented 99.56 per cent of the electorate, the announcement said.

MURIEL LESTER OPTIMISTIC

Never Approached India With Lighter Heart, She Says

NEW DELHI, Sept. 9, (A. P. A.): "I have never approached India with so light a heart as I do today," said Miss Muriel Lester, Mahatma Gandhi's hostess during his visit to Britain for the Round Table Conference in 1935, in an interview with the Associated Press of America last night.

Miss Lester's present visit is part of a comprehensive tour which will embrace India, China, Japan and the United States. She has divided the first 20 weeks of her tour equally between India and China. From China she will go to Japan. Her next hop is to the United States where she is undertaking a three-month lecture tour.

Miss Lester, who has been to China four times so far, wants to see some of the co-operative training schools organised there by Her Nephew, George Hogg, an Oxford graduate, who died while helping the Chinese.

54TH SESSION OF CONGRESS TO BE HELD IN MEERUT

Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant visited Meerut, and finally decided to hold the Session in Victoria Park, grounds of Meerut College, in a meeting of Div. Congress workers. In the same meeting an 'ad hoc' committeess of 42 members in different representative capacities was formed. The committee has started work.

Fee of the Reception Committee has been fixed as fifty rupees (Rs. 50) and people are rekuested to enrol themselves as members. These members will ultimately form the general body, which will elect all the office bearers. This new committee will replace the present ad hoc committee.

People who give more than Rs. 50 will be classed as donors, and they will be entitled to a separate block in the Pandal. Donations less than Rs. 100 will not be accepted and it is better if sums of Rs. 100, 500, 1,000 and 5,000 are offered.

"C. R's" Great Hopes For League Co-operation

HYDERABAD, Sept. 10 (OPI): When approached by he "Orient Press" to give his opinion on certain problems Sri Rajagopalachari, Member for Supplies and Industries, refused to be drawn into any discussion, saying: "I am not a free man now. I can't give my opinion about any problems".

When persisted, Rajaji said: "I have great hopes that the Muslim League will see nothing except good in full co-operation with the Congress very soon.

A London firm has worked out a special method for producing houses in reinforced concrete in less than three days, using a minimum of labour. On the fourth day, the roof-timbers are put in position and the house is ready for occupation.

Lohia Indicts Caste System

Democracy Is Impossible Unless Respect Is Shown To Man And Not Birth

CALCUTTA, Sept. 9 (API): "There can be no stable state on the basis of the caste system. Caste is the enemy of democracy. It is the enemy of vitality," says Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia, the Socialist Congress Leader, summing up the impression of his Bengal tour, in a statement.

During his four weeks stay, Dr. Lohia toured the East Bengal and studied the communal and social problems of the province. "There would have been no Hindu-Muslim problem or communal rioting, if there were no caste among Hindus" Dr. Lohia says. "Neither democracy nor a socialist construction of society is possible unless respect is shown to the man and not to his birth."

Regarding his impression of the communal problem in Bengal, Dr. Lohia says the issue of "Nationalism versus communalism is sharper in East Bengal than elsewhere and communalism is so far winning." "In East Bengal," he continues "leaving has been insecure the very idea of the nation is at stake, and free thinking is menaced."

"Let me repeat. The issue is not Hindus versus Muslims, but nationalists versus communalists. That the nationalists in some places may be solely Hindus is indeed our failure, but it is irrelevant for this issue, and the first requisite that nationalists and democrats must get rid of is the minority complex." Dr. Lohia adds:

Concluding he says that the socialists have a vital role to play now. The Muslim peasantry of East Bengal should be attracted to the socialist faith. All nationalists and socialists must become a single bloc to defeat the present menace to free thought and security of living.

TRIBUTE TO GAZIPUR DISTRICT

BENARES, Sept. 9 (A.P.I.): A warm tribute to the people of Gazipur district "for establishing a swaraj for a few days in August 1942" was paid by Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia Socialist leader, speaking at a meeting of villagers near the village of Zamania in Gazipur district.

Dr. Lohia said: "We struggled hard in 1942. We were just going to wear the crown of freedom but failed. The nation is proud of you—especially the people of the villages of Sherpur and Gahmar, who faced boldly the British attack in 1942 and suffered most, and who established Swaraj for a few days."

Dr. Lohia said that they failed to maintain that Swaraj because they were not united. They should not be discouraged by that failure because the August 1942 movement was only a battle of our war for freedom.

Central Museum For India

NEW DELHI, Sept. 10 (API): A plan for the early establishment of a Central National Museum of Art, Archaeology and Anthropology in Delhi, has been completed by the special committee appointed by the Government of India for the purpose.

The Committee, of which Sir Maurice Gwyer, Vice-Chancellor of the Delhi University, was Chairman, has recommended that the Museum should comprise a directorate and five departments, namely, (1) Art, (2) Pre-Historic Archaeology, (3) Historic Archaeology—Buddhist, Jain, Brahminical, Muslim, (4) Numismatics and Epigraphy and (5) Anthropology—Cultural and Physical. There will also be a Circulating Department, a Library and a Chemical Laboratory.

BOMBAY POLICE ON TRACK OF MANUFACTURERS OF LETHAL WEAPONS

GUJRANWALA, Sept. 9 (A.P.I.): An echo of the discovery and seizure by the Bombay police of parcels containing daggers and long knives was heard at Wazirabad to-day, when a party of police from Bombay arrived there to make enquiries in that connection. The books of certain manufactures and exports are said to have been examined.

Steps are under contemplation to prohibit the export for the time being of lethal weapons. Order to this effect are expected to be promulgated shortly.

CALICUT MARKET

CALICUT, Sept. 10.

Coir yarn Beypore 195/205 Kullandy 190/200 Fire Garbled 195 Ungarbled 185 Cocoanuts Rawnajd Dry 190 Cocoanutoil 120 Copra Office 450 Dilpasand 500 Madrasamittam 515 Goodvooda 500 Pepper Wynaad Joo Country 800 Dry-ginger Chernad 375 Ernad 360 Coffee Robusta 83 Timer Pali 55 Jungiewood 27/8 Vellapine 45 Benteak 37/8 Teak 100 Mango 3/8 Teak 15 Rosewood 18.

HUNDREDS OF VILLAGES SUBMERGED

Flood Situation Assumes Alarming Proportions In Muzaffarpur

MUZAFFARPUR, Sept. 9 (API).—Several hundred villages in the district of Muzaffarpur are submerged under water and the flood situation has resumed alarming proportions. Flood waters have rushed into the town itself and several roads are inundated due to a breach in the Chandwara Bundh.

Hundreds of coolies are working day and night on the embankments to stop further deterioration in the situation. Paddy and maize crops have been completely washed away. Relief measures are being undertaken but the situation is still grave.

MOTIHARI, Sept. 8 (API): The rivers Sikarhana and Gandak are in spate in the district of Champaran. Flood water has entered several villages of Kesariya, Raxaul, Sugauli and Motihari police stations and in some parts of the Motihar town itself.

District boards roads are under water at several places and vehicular traffic has been suspended in the affected roads.

Much damage has been caused to standing crops and many houses are reported to have collapsed.

It is reported that the level of water is still rising. Relief work has been started.

HEAVY RAIN IN SURAT

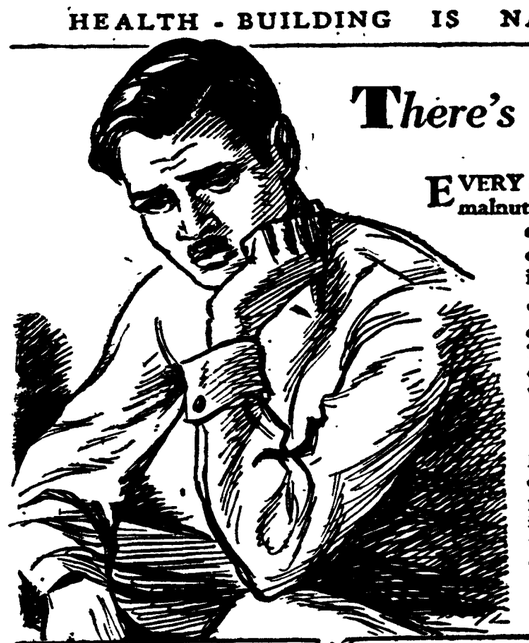
SURAT, Sept. 10 (API): Surat experienced heavy and continuous rains during the past fourteen hours, unusual at this time of the year.

The Surat Municipality has recorded six point nine inches of rain during the twenty-four hours ending eight a.m. to-day, all of which fell after six p.m. yesterday.

The sky is overcast and the rains are continuing.

Surat has received 56 inches of rain since the beginning of the monsoon.

HEALTH - BUILDING IS NATION - BUILDING



There's work to be done!

EVERY doctor will tell you that a state of malnutrition gives rise to a general condition of tiredness and weakness, of being easily fagged out and inefficient.

"But," you say, "I have my meals each day, I cannot be undernourished". The truth is that it is not so much the *quantity* as the *nature* of your food which matters—what it consists of.

Horlicks gives extra nourishment

By adding Horlicks to your diet you obtain all the elements necessary to provide lasting energy, and that feeling of well-being which helps you get thing done and keep ahead. Start on Horlicks *today*.

When you are tired and weak, lack energy to get things done
YOU ARE USING UP YOUR ENERGY TOO QUICKLY. HORLICKS WILL PROVIDE THE EXTRA NOURISHMENT YOU NEED
WHAT HORLICKS IS
Horlicks is made from pure full-cream cows' milk and the nutritive extracts of malted barley and wheat. It is a complete food which can be wholly assimilated. Horlicks is 100% energy-giving nourishment.

Take HORLICKS and Rebuild your Energy

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Share Bazar Improves After Opening Weakness

SHORT COVERING AND REPLACEMENT BUYING BY SOLD-OUT BULLS

Bullion Market Rules Firm On Active Support

BOMBAY, Sept. 10.

The local Share Bazar was fairly steady today with scattered short covering. The recent sharp decline has created somewhat nearish tone as the decline was of a drastic nature accompanied by extensive professional unloading and short selling. This heavy selling has improved the technical situation but general feeling remains uncertain. The immediate future of the market may be irregular but shorts will have to cover sooner or later and they think it unwise to follow the decline at present.

Tata Steel Shares were quoted Ex-dividend today and at the opening Dfds. were quoted at Rs. 3110 and declined at Rs. 3090 under scattered selling. At this level there was some short covering and replacement buying by sold-out bulls which hardened Dfds. at Rs. 3140. Ordinary Shares opened at Rs. 553 and after declining at Rs. 550 improved at Rs. 558.

Bombay Dyeing Shares opened at Rs. 3010 and declined at Rs. 2980 but rallied at Rs. 3040.

Towards the close there was moderate support and Tata Steel Dfds. were quoted at Rs. 3143 and Ordinary at Rs. 563, Bombay Dyeings stood steady at Rs. 3050, Gokaks were quoted at Rs. 444 and Kohinoors changed hands at Rs. 1042, Simplex Shares were done at Rs. 468.

Among Bank Shares Centrals were done at Rs. 134, Baroda at Rs. 200 and India at Rs. 259, Imperial Fully Paid were placed at Rs. 2895

Associated Cements were steady at Rs. 248/8 while Scindia Shares were quoted at Rs. 51/6, Bellapurs were done at Rs. 321 and Premier Constructions were quoted at Rs. 322, 3-1/2 per cent Government Paper was quoted at Rs. 104/12.

COTTON MILLS

Bombay Dyeing 3050 Century 1300 Nagpur 458 Swadeshi 825 New Great 522 Simplex 468 Kohinoor 1042 Colaba 497/8 Gokak 44 Phoenix 1400 Mysore 360 Indian Bleaching 231 Swan 448 Finlay 432 Morarji 900 Indore 875.

STEEL

Tata Steel Deferred (129/8/9(X D. 3143/12 Tata Steel Ordinary (23) XD 563

ELECTRIC SHARES

Tata Hydro 218/8 Andhra Valley 1950 Tata Power 1950 Tram (Old) 140/8

CEMENT

Asso. Merger 248/8

INDUSTRIES

Burma 735 Alcock 650 Bellapur 321 Shivrajpur 55/8 Steamer (Ord) 730 Scindia 51/6 Premier Construction 322

CASH SHARES (TEXTILE)

Apollo 5/8 Elphinstone 110 India United (Ord) 25/7/6 India United (Defd) 5/4/6 India Manufacturing 4600 Kooria 407/8 Khatau 467/8 Dawn 1590 David 240 New City 305 Minerva 280 Bradbury 617/8 Bharucha (Dfd.) 15 Bharat 72/4 Madhavji 26 Model 317/8 Laxmi 2110 Vishnu 780 Western 4600 Standard 710 Sholapur 10,000 Sassoon Cotton 38/8 Hindustan 363/12 Meyer 347/8 Edward 760 Tata 120 Ahmedabad Advance 545 Sasson Silk 164 New Union 30 Podar 367/8 Madhusudan 580 Madhusudan B 120 Srinivas 531/4 Raja Bahadur 170 Berar 500 Victoria 425.

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH)

Ahmedabad 212/8 (New) 126/4 Surat (Ord) 257/8 (New) 190 Karachi 248 Broach 14 Ajmer 16/8 Amalgamated 20/12 Jaigaon 14/12 Nagpur 58 Poona 305 Bombay Suburban 242/8 Bombay Suburbn (New) 160.

BANK SHARES

Reserve 158/8 Imperial 2895 P. P. 712/8 Central 134 India 259 Union 18/4 Baroda 200 Habib 166/8 ABC 58 Dena Bank 74 United Commercial 116 Jaipur 85 Hindustan Commercial 65 National Savings (fully paid) 91 National Savings (part paid) 54/8 Mysore 505 Exchange (Ord) X R. 70 Eastern 112

INSURANCE

Oriental 8475 Empire 1380 New India 106 Jupiter 50 Vulcan 20/12 India Mercantile 66 Universal Fire 23/8 Vasant 26/4 British India General 33 Industrial Prudential 66 Neptune 14 New Great 43 All-India General 63.

RAILWAYS

Ahmedabad Prantij 695 C. P. 107 Pachora 95.

MISCELLANEOUS

Burma New 257/8 Burma Petrol 6/2 Tata Oil XR 124 Port Canning 116 Kemp 535 Zandu Pharmacy 218/2 Indian Radio (Ord) 395 Indian Radio B 375 Indian Radio 573 Indian Investment Trust 131 Wimco 591/4 Tata Chemical 25/14 Dharamsey Chemical 49 Mukund Iron 15/6 Dena Trust 26/3 Alembic 408/12 Supreme India 228 (New) 180 Jamwire 160 Bombay Uganda 85 Bombay Motor Cycle 48/8 India Cement 42 Walchandnagar Industries 555 United Motor 66 A. C. C. New 132 Baroda Glass 10/14.

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel (1st Pref.) 272/8 Tata Steel (2nd Pref.) 182/8 Tram 58 Andhra Valley 1740 Tata Power 1810 Hydro 17 6/8 Bombay Steamer 352/8 Nagpur 800 Swadeshi 170 Vishnu 810 Laxmi 318/12 New Great 268/12 Poddar 117 Shrinivas 101 Elphinstone 147/8 Bradbury 591/4 Surat Elec. 211/14 Premier Construction (1st Pref.) 153/12 (2nd Pref) 150 Amalgamated 156/4 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 147/8 Walchandnagar Industries 250 Jupiter 19/12 Supreme 120 Baroda Glass 11/12

OUTSIDE SHARES

Indian Iron Steel 60 Bengal Steel 63/8 Indian Copper 5/9/6 B.I.C. 15/12 Burma Corporation 7/3 New Victoria 11/4 New Victoria Preference 12 Raja Preference 58 Bhalton 155 Gold Mohar 490 New Kaiser Hind 602/8 Sajjan Mill 500 Osmanshahi 475 Ajamashahi 485 Air Service 36 Birla Motors 12/4 Marshal 14.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY Sep. 10.

Tata Ordinary X. st . . . Deferred XD 3143/12 Indian Iron 60 Steel Corpn. of Bengal 53/8 Bombay Dyeing 3050 Central India 458/2 Century 1150 Gokak 443/12 Kohinoor 1041/14 Simplex 468 Andhra Valley 1950 Tata Hydro 218/12 Tata Power 1950 Associated Cement 248/8 Belapur 321/4 Bombay Burma (Old) 755

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES

BOMBAY, Sept 10.

MILLS

A. Advance 545

Apollo 5/8 5/6 5/7 5/6/6 5/9 5/7 5/8

Bharat 73 72/4

B Dyeing 3040 2980 3050 3000 3035 30 45 35 42/8 30 65 50

Bradbury (Ord) 617/8

Central India (Ord) 445 55 48 50 47 51 45 54 50 60 58

Edward 765 45 60

Elphinstone (Ord) 110 12 10

Elphinstone (Pref) 145 46/4

Finlay 425 32 20 25 16 25 22 36 28 32

Gokak 438 20 55 38 42 40 44

India United (Ord) 5/8 5/2 5/4 5/3 5/5 5/4 5/5 5/4/6

India United (Pref) 25/8 24/8 25/5 24/14 25/9 25/7 25/10 25/7/6

Indore Malwa 842/8 65 55 60 67/8 60 72/8 70 75

Kohinoor 1010 1000 1015 995 1010 992 1030 22 30 27 40 32 45 42

Madhusudan 580

Meyer 355 45 47/8

Model 315 17/8

New Great 505 495 505 2 25 22

Poddar 375 67/8

Sassoon Cotton 38 38/8

Shrinivas 530 31/4

Simplex 465 62 65 51 61 59 70 65 68

Swadeshi 785 80 95 80 814 8 25

Swan 442 32 45 42 48

Tata Mills 116 20

BANKS

Baroda 200

Central 131 35 34 34/8 34

Imperial (Old) 2915 2595

Imperial (New) 710 5 12/8

India 259

Habib 166/8

Reserve 158 57 58/8

Union 17/12 18/4

United Commercial 118 18/8

ELECT. COS.

Ahmedabad 210 12/8

Andhra Valley (Ord) 1940 50

Tram (Ord) 141 39/12 40/8

Tram (Pref) 58/8 58 58/12 58 58/8 58

Hydro (Ord) 221 19 22 18/8

Power (Ord) 1950 51/4 45 52/8 50

INSURANCE COS.

New India 108 6/8 9 8

Vulcan 20/12

Bombay Steam 730 25 35 30

Scindia 50/8 51 49/12 51/6 51/4 51/6

STEELS

Bengal Steel 52/12 53/6 53 53/8

Indian Iron 59/12 60/2 60

Tata Steel Defd 3090 85 3125 10 25 15 3090 3125 17/8 45 43/12 (Ex. Div).

Tata Steel Ord 555 51/8 57 54 55 47 56 54 63 (Ex. Div.)

Tata Steel 2nd Pref 180 82 (Ex. Div).

MISCELLANEOUS COS.

Alcock 643/12 50

A. Cement 250 46/8 48/8 45 48/8

Belapur 320 14 21

Burmah (Old) 740 690 725 25 42/8 35

Burmah (New) 270 57/8

B. B. Petrol 6/1 6/8 6 6/2

I. I. Trust 130 31

P. Construction (Ord) 315 12 22 19 23 22

Shivrajpur 54 55/8

Tata Chemical (Ord) 25/8 25 25/12 25/8, 25/14

Tata Oil 125/8 23 24 23/8 24

Western India Match 580 600 580 620 591/4

A. Cement (New) 134 30/8 32

Kemp Co 535

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, Sept. 10.

The Bullion Market was fairly steady with a moderate business passing.

The market opened steady but under scattered selling prices quietened but later there was renewed support.

Forward Silver after declining at Rs. 163/14 steadied at Rs. 164 while Gold after being quoted at Rs. 89/13 improved at Rs. 99 Later Silver was quoted at Rs. 163/10

The market ruled very steady and final quotations were as under. Ready Gold Rs. 100/10. Forward Gold Rs. 99/10. Ready Silver Rs 165/10. Forward Silver Rs. 164/5. Sovereign Rs. 69/10.

BOMBAY COTTON

The local cotton market remained officially closed today. Expectation September Rs 422/- January Rs 445 and March Rs. 451/12.

BOMBAY PRODUCE

The Produce market was quiet with a restricted turnover. There was increase selling in linseed and September November linseed declined from Rs. 24/4 to Rs. 24 Castorseeds were quoted at Rs. 24/4 while Groundnuts new crop business was reported at Rs. 19/8.

INDIAN COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton January Contract is 1918 cent points below New York January at Exchange rate 331

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

BOMBAY. Sept. 7.

	Hi	Lo	Close
I.C.C. Sept.	427	423	425/8
I.C.C. January	447/4	445/8	447/4
I.C.C. March	454	452	454
Karachi Jan.	48/0/9	47/14/6	47/14/6

HAPUR MARKET REVIEW

HAPUR, Sept. 6.

The food position in the province continues to be quite satisfactory. Further reports about the damage done to the standing crops by floods and excessive rains have been received. The Provincial Government is rushing aid to the needy centres. Never-the-less it is believed that it would not upset the Government's calculation regarding their ability to meet the provinces requirement. Premier Pant in a broadcast talk this week announced that the Govt. collected 320,000 tons of food grains as a result of the procurement drive which enabled it to increase the quantity in wheat ration and extend partial rationing to many other towns. The U. P. Government, it is learnt, have decided to drop the "Grow more food compaign", as the result of this compaign has not all been encouraging.

Standing crop in this area is now progressing but extensive damage had already been done to the maize, bajra and juwar crops. The markets have however, despite all this have reacted to the news that imports in increasing quantities may be expected in near future. Market prices have been more or less unchanged at last week's levels. Arrivals during the week were very little. Government stock too is not moving Wheat stock is consequently, unchanged at 436 khattles. Other stock figures are: gram 4; peas 38; belhar 43; gochana 11; and goji 2 khattles

PULSES

There is no mentionable change in the position Arhar stock in unchanged at 7 khattles. Current prices are: Arhar 9/7 Urad 13 Moong 12 Massor 10/8.

MUSTARDSEED-OIL AND OILCAKE

The market continues steady. From the 1st of Sept. the control rates for season and oil were reduced to 14/8 and 43/12 respectively. Arrivals are very poor

GUR AND SHAKKER

The market remained quiet. Stock holders are naturally anxious to clear-off before the next season starts Khandsari sugar prices have recorded some decline as there are persistent rumours that the U. P. Government may reimpose control on its prices. There is a general complaint that ever since the prices of khandsari sugar were decontrolled, the entire stock has disappeared from the market and prices rose sharply sugar cane in this area has been affected by red-rot and extensive damage is reported to have already been done There have been numerous meetings in the villages demanding that the price of sugar cane may be fixed at Rs. 2 per maund in the coming season. Gur is now quoted at 13 and shakker at 13/12 Khandsari sugar is quoted at between 40 and 45 per maund

GUWAR FUTURES

The market remanded erratic. For the first few days there was a steady fall in the quotations till maha touched 6/12/9. Thereafter there was a gradual recovery maha touching 7/2. At higher levels there was again profit covering liquidations and maha is now quoted at 6/15/6. Ready is quoted at 7/4. Excellent crop reports and reports of good quantities of maize and other cereals reaching India have induced the bears to heavy liquidations.

SILVER AND GOLD

The market ruled steady. The bull nave been sticking to their calculations that no import of silver may be possible for India in near future and in any case the quantity may not be heavy. As against this there is heavy spot demand for the metals and stock are everywhere poor. There is of course the fear that the Interim Government may not tolerate the higher level of gold and silver prices, but it will take some time before the new Government's policy is formulated. In the meantime bulls are pressing the bears who are obliged to cover their oversold positions. Silver is presently quoted at 164/2 and gold at 93/2.

Wall Street

NEW YORK, Sept. 9, (UPA): Prices on the New York Stock Exchange today lost one to over six points on renewed selling in the face of the threat of more serious labour disputes.

The decline wiped out over dol. 2 750,000,000 of the market values and carried the general list to a new low since late August 1945.

International Business machines lost 18-1/2 while Armour Preferreds lost 18

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Sept. 9.

October	36.56—38
October highest	37.33+39
October lowest	36.47—47
December	36.55—42
January	36.32—41
March	36.36—55
May	36.53—54
July	35.51—54
October	33.60
M'dling Spot	37.42—37

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Sept. 9.

October	36.50—48
December	36.50—47
March	36.35—36
May	36.00—43
July	35.57—35
Middling Spot	36.60—40

LONDON BULLION

LONDON, Sept 9.

Silver Spot and Forward	55-1/2 d
Gold bars fine per oz.	£8/12/3

LONDON, EXCHANGES

LONDON, Sept. 9.

New York sellers 4.02-1/2 buyers 4.03-1/2 Madrid official 44.00 Montreal sellers 4.02 buyers 4.04 Zurich sellers 17.34 buyers 17.36 Stockholm sellers 14.47 to 14.50

LONDON WHEAT

LONDON, Sept 9.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe (new)	—
Australian Wheat (bulk)	71
Sept/Oct quoted	
Australian Wheat (bags)	—

NEW YORK SILVER

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.

United States price of foreign silver	90-1/8 cents

Way To Shape India's Commercial Policy

Participation In International Trade Conference Proposed

NEW DELHI, Sept. 9 (APA):—The report of the six-man trade and tariffs sub-committee of the Consultative Committee of Economists on the United States Government's proposals for expansion of world trade and employment states:

"If the basic objective, promoting world trade, is to be attained, the proposals must be recast in a positive mould and must inter alia place an obligation on the more advanced countries to assist the development of backward areas."

The report is based on the discussions of the sixth meeting of the Committee which was held in Simla, on August 12 and 13, with Sir Gurunath Bewoor, the then Commerce Member presiding.

The Indian Trade and Tariffs Sub-Committee stated that "there can be no sounder basis for international economic co-operation than a clear recognition of the need for doing everything possible to lessen the disparities in the living standards prevailing in different countries."

Criticising the American proposals, the report added: "International trade is not an end in itself, but a means to an end, the end being the maintenance of high and stable employment and improvement in the standards of living.

"In a world in which different countries are in different stages of economic development, free trade or freer trade will not be to the advantage of all. In fact, it may create new stresses which it should be the object of these proposals to avoid."

Recommending India's participation in the proposed International Trade Conference, the report stressed the necessity of shaping the commercial policy of India (1) with reference to India's own needs as a country on the eve of rapid economic development which is necessary for the raising of the standard of living of her people; and (2) taking account of certain wider considerations which may be adapted to enable India to take her place in the world economy on a co-operative basis with a view to assisting the constructive effort which is being made for economic harmony and allsided progress."

Stating that these two objectives are not inconsistent but complementary, the report pointed out: "To the extent to which India succeeds in raising the standard of living of her people, she will be making her greatest contribution to the recovery of world trade and employment."

Saying these is a widespread feeling that India should retain full liberty to pursue a policy of vigorous economic development unhampered by any international obligations, the report said that "it will not be in India's long-term interest to miss the opportunity of placing her point of view before a world conference, both on behalf of herself and in the interest of other countries similarly situated."

The report added that "India cannot insulate herself from economic developments in other countries and that any measures designed to mitigate fluctuations in world economic activity should have India's support."

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Sept. 10.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/2 15/16 London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 31/32

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th month

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 10th-12th month

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th month

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th month

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 7th—9th month

London Banks Buying 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th month.

London Banks Buying 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th month

London Banks Buying 90 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th—9th month

New York B. C. Rate T. T. Rs. 332 1/2.

New York Banks Selling T. T. D. Rs. 332 1/2.

New York Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 329 3/4

New York Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 328 3/4 under L/C.

New York Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 328 1/2 nos under L/C.

Montreal Banks Selling T. T. D. D Rs. 333.

Montreal Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 329 1/4.

Montreal Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 328 1/4.

Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs. 3650.

Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 3650.

Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fl. 79.

Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. ——.

Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 84.

Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D D. Rs. 157.

CROSS RATE.

New York/London dol.	4.03 3/8-4.03 1/2.	
London/Hongkong	1/3	13/16-1/3 3/32.
London/Singapore	2/3	15/16-2/4 5/32.
London/Paris Fcs.	479.70-480.30	
London/Belgium Fcs.	176 1/2-3/4	
London/Switzerland Fcs.	17-34-36	
London/Stockholm Kr.	14.47-50.	
London/Denmark Kr.	19.32-36.	
London/New York dol	4.02 1/2. 4.03 1/2.	
London/Montreal dol.	4.02-4.04.	
London/Amsterdam Fl.	10.68-70	
London/Java Fl.	7.58-62.	
London/Bangkok Tcl	40	

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.

Gold London 89.1/2-3.

Gold New York dol 35

Silver London 55.1/2.

Silver New York 90.1/8.

London Discts 3 months 17/32 p.c. London Discts. 6 months 9/16-5/8 p.c.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c. Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.

Money:—Call 1/4 p.c, 3 months 1/2 p.c. 6 months 3/4 p.c, 12 months 1 1/4 p.c.

Tone:—Steady.

CHICAGO WHEAT

CHICAGO, Sept. 9.

January Last price 1.97-1/4 to 1.97-1/4; Today's price 1.95-3/4 to 1.95-3/4

March Last price 1.90-1/4 to 1.90-1/4; Today's prices 1.89-3/4 to 1.89-3/4

May Last price 1.87-1/2 to 1.87-1/2; Today's price 1.87 to 1.87

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, Sept. 9.

	£
Rupee Paper 3-1/2 p.c	74 nom'nal
Consols 2-1/2 p.c	97-3/16
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p.c 1961	111-1/2
War Loan 3-1/2 p.c 1952 and after	107-3/8
Funding Loan 4 p.c 1960/90	118-7/8
Victory Bonds 4 p.c	119
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	12-11/16 ex div.
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank	
London Regd.	87
National Bank of India	38

AUSTRALIANS IN NO MOOD FOR BUSINESS

Discourteous Treatment To Indian

SYDNEY, (APA): An Indian businessman, Mr. D. P. Gupta, who came to Australia on a buying mission on behalf of two Lahore firms, says he is "disgusted" with Australians' lack of interest in trading with India.

Mr. Gupta told Sydney newspaper reporters his firms were prepared to spend 2,000,000 pounds sterling in promoting trade involving the purchase of thousands of bicycles, vacuum clearners, and refrigerators. After 10 weeks in Australia, he said, he had been offered four bicycles, three refrigerators, and 5 vacuum clearners. He declared he was interested in buying any general merchandise or machinery, but had met with "many rebuffs and much discourtesy".

"In Sydney and Melbourne I found that big manufacturing companies didn't want to co-operate", Mr. Gupta continued. "My firm does'nt want capital. It is prepared to spend millions in factories in India run by Australians, or in buying Australian goods, but businessmen seem disinterested in the prospect of overseas trade ....I have found that businessmen here don't want to make money".

Mr. Gupta added that if Australians conducted business as his experience had indicated they do, it "is useless for an Australian trade delegation to travel to India as is proposed by the Commonwealth Government. I am not the only Indian who has met with refusals"

SALES OF TREASURY BILLS

Tenders for Rs. Two crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday the 10th September. Total amount offered was Rs. 75.00.000. Tenders at Rs. 99/14/8 were accepted in full. Lower tenders were rejected. Total amount accepted was Rs 65.00.000—, the average rate of accepted tenders being Re. 0/7/0 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. Two crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday the 17th September in Bombay upto 11 a.m. and upto the close of business on Monday the 16th September at other centres. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday the 20th September 1946.

During the week ended 6th September, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs 6 26 00 000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

KUTCH HUNDI

BHUJ, Sept. 9

Today Hundi Rs 310 to 311.

EGYPTIAN COTTON CROP ACREAGE

WASHINGTON, Sept. 9, (UPA).

The Egyptian Government's final official estimate of its 1946 cotton area placed it at 1,256,784 acres, according to the United States Department of Agriculture today.

The Department noted that this was a further recovery from the 1942 low of 733,000 acres but still below the pre-war average of 1,824,000 acres

BANKERS' CLEARING

Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending 6/9/1946 were as under.—

Number of Cheques: 94,050

Amount of Cheques: Rs. 40,03 03,-089/8/6

DISPOSALS

AUCTION PROGRAMME FOR SEPTEMBER, 1946.

PLACE & AUCTIONEER	DATE & TIME	TYPE OF MATERIAL
Ammunition Factory, Kirkee (M/s. Jaffer Jussuff)	12/9/46, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Misc. Scrap.
Central Provision Depot, Dehu Road, (M/s. Nusserwanji Sorabji & Co.)	13/9/46, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Misc. Surplus Stores
D. P. D. Dehu Road, (M/s. Nusserwanji Sorabji & Co.)	13/9/46, 2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Misc. Surplus Stores
Salvage Sub-Depot, Nasik Road (M/s. R. S. Craven & Son).	12/9/46, 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.	Misc. Salvage
Salvage Transit Depot, Ahmednagar (M/s. R. S. Craven & Son).	14/9/46, 9 a.m. to 2 p.m.	Misc. Salvage
D. M. P. Depot, Sewri, (M/s. Gandhi & Co.)	16/9/46, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Misc. Surplus Stores
Salvage Transit Depot, Kurla. (M/s. Bennett & Co.)	17/9/46 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.	Misc. Salvage Stores
Port Salvage Depot, Haji Bunder, Bombay (M/s. Crawford & Co.)	18 and 19/9/46 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.	Misc. Salvage and Vehicles.
M. T. Breakdown Depot, Dehu Road, (M/s. Nusserwanji Sorabji & Co.)	23 and 24/9/46, 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.	Vehicles and M. T. Parts
M. T. Breakdown Depot, Trimulgherry, (M/s. Vazir Sultan & Sons)	23 and 24/9/46, 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.	Vehicles and M. T. Parts
Salvage Sub-Depot, Trimulgherry (M/s. Vazir Sultan & Sons).	25/9/46, 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.	Misc. Salvage
Command Salvage Depot, Ghorpuri, (M/s. Jaffer Jussuff).	25 and 26/9/46, 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.	Misc. Salvage
Salvage Sub-Depot, Nasik Road, (M/s. R. S. Craven & Son).	27/9/46, 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.	Misc. Salvage
North Sub-Division, Secunderabad (M/s. Vazir Sultan & Sons).	26/9/46, 9 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Timber etc.
F/S II Sub-Division, Secunderabad (M/s. Vazir Sultan & Sons).	27/9/46, 9 a.m. to 1 p.m.	—do—
F/S I Sub-Division, Secunderabad (M/s. Vazir Sultan & Sons).	27/9/46, 2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	—do—
F/M Sub-Division, Secunderabad (M/s. Vazir Sultan & Sons)	28/9/46 9 a.m. to 2 p.m.	—do—
South Sub-Division, Secunderabad (M/s. Vazir Sultan & Sons)	30/9/46 9 a.m. to 1 p.m.	—do—
Engineer Park, Secunderabad (M/s. Vazir Sultan & Sons).	30/9/46, 2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	—do—

Further details regarding these auctions can be had from the auctioneers

REGIONAL COMMISSIONER DISPOSALS (SOUTHERN CIRCLE)

/ Mercantile Chambers, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

Tel: 30041 (5 lines)

DS/90

Phones:—Cal: 1464-1465. Telegram:—"Aryoplants".

ARYAN SILK & COTTON MILLS, LIMITED.

Head Office: 12, Chowringhee Square, CALCUTTA.

Managing Agents: S. CHATTERJEE & Co., Ltd.

A DIVIDEND PAYING PROGRESSIVE NATIONAL CONCERN

CAPITAL

AUTHORISED	Rs. 1,00,00,000/-
ISSUED	Rs. 99,22,000/-
SUBSCRIBED	Rs. 29,26,000/-
PAID-UP	Rs. 7,23,630/-

WORKINGS OF THE COMPANY

SILK MILLS: Company's Factory at Jhumka (Murshidabad) is regularly manufacturing Steam Filature Raw Silk Yarns of superior quality. Manufacturing of Spun Silk Yarns which have an immense possibility in Bengal will be taken up as soon as possible. The Company has also undertaken manufacturing and Trading in Silk Piece-goods.

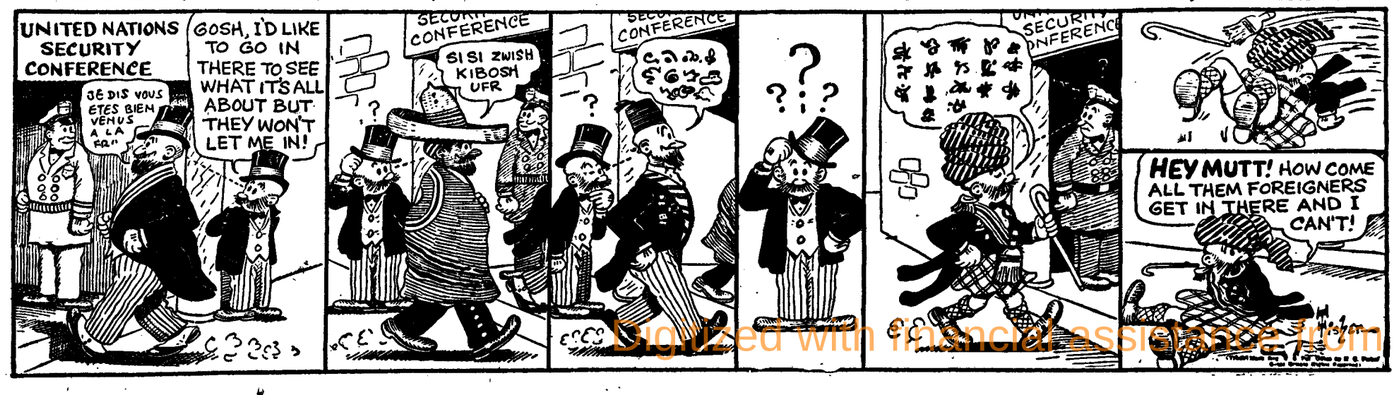
COTTON MILLS: Suitable site already purchased near Calcutta at Ranaghat the Biggest Junction on B. A. Rly. Application for import of necessary machinery already registered with the Government.

PROSPECTUS & SHARE APPLICATION FORMS

Can be had of the Company's Hd. Office and of all the Branches of Central Bank of India Ltd., Comilla Union Bank Ltd., & Bengal Central Bank Ltd.

GOOD TERMS TO THE RESPECTABLE SHARE SELLING AGENTS.

MUTT AND JEFF—Maybe Jeff Had A Wee Too Much Scotch Or Wee Too Short Snorts— By BUD FISHER


UNITED NATIONS SECURITY CONFERENCE
JE DIS VOUS ETES BIEN VENUS A LA FA"
GOSH, I'D LIKE TO GO IN THERE TO SEE WHAT IT'S ALL ABOUT BUT THEY WON'T LET ME IN!
SECURITY CONFERENCE
SI SI ZWISH KIBOSH UFR
SECURITY CONFERENCE
???
SECURITY CONFERENCE
HEY MUTT! HOW COME ALL THEM FOREIGNERS GET IN THERE AND I CAN'T!

Mother and Child

Mothers have found it wise to insist on LACTOMIN. In it constituents of cow's milk are correctly modified to make it a highly nutritive and balanced food for infants and growing children. Lactomin is also recommended to all who cannot digest ordinary cow's milk. It has the characteristic milk-flavour of Indian cow's milk and is obtainable FRESH. Approved by distinguished medical men and used extensively by the Government for feeding babies and nursing mothers.

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IMPROVED MILK FOOD

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.

MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.

To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

Tall, Handsome Widower, 35, of highly respectable Brahmin family from Andhra Province, well-educated, decently employed in Bombay, at present drawing Rs. 700/- p.m., desires to marry smart, educated lady of highly respectable Brahmin family preferably Maharashtrian or Canarese. Please Correspond Box No. 3289 "Bombay Chronicle."

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted: Clever and experienced Travellers, for canvassing of Patent Medicines. See personally. Dr. Shah & Co., Mahijee Bazar, Jalgaon (E.K.) (3271)

Fitters and Turners, well experienced for workshop in Fort: Typist knowing some accounts Dinshaw, 105, Apollo Street. (3282)

Wanted Energetic Chemist for Paints and Distemper Factory. Apply with Testimonials:—P. O. Box 1678, Nairobi (Kenya Colony) British East Africa. (9633)

Wanted a fast and accurate Typist Correspondent conversant with office routine work for a local mill knowledge of filing and dispatch essential. Apply sharp with testimonials and Minimum salary expected Box No. 9629, "Bombay Chronicle."

Required for a well-established Transport concern a reliable and experienced Typist and Accountant to join immediately. Good prospects and permanent career assured. See personally the Manager with testimonials between 9 to 10 a.m. Punjab Khalsa Hotel, 265, Frere Rd., Fort, Bombay. (3265)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Learn Dentistry within short period. For prospectus apply Dental Training Institute, Jamnagar. (3290)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents for Selling Washing Soap. For terms write Ratilal Fulchand Shah, Medows Street, Medows House, Fort, Bombay. (3280)

Wanted Agents to secure Woollen and Silk Cloth orders, terms liberal and free, Western Textiles, Ludhiana. (2932)

Apply for district agency for fast selling fruit products, etc., Messrs. Kar and Co., G.P.O. Box No. 586, Bombay. (9606)

BUSINESS OFFER

A well established import, export firm is open for a Director with Capital. Apply Post Box 1392, Bombay. (3285)

LIVE STOCK

Let Bellemont Kennels experts treat your sick dogs or write seerval, Cosy Building, 72B Gowalia Tank Road, Bombay, 26 or Dial 40984. (3276)

MACHINERIES FOR SALE

Paint Mills and Mixers for sale manufactured by Messrs. Keenok Co., Ltd., England. Suitable for wet milling of Paints, Inks, Pastes, Chocolates, Soaps etc., Enquire Western Manufacturing Co., Post Box No. 1230, Fort, Bombay No. 1. (3262)

MISCELLANEOUS WANTED

Wanted to purchase huge quantities of animal fat, jute, mica, dessicated cocoanut, pepper, cardamom, turmeric, mustard and other spices. Please send terms of business together with quotations delivery Bombay to Box No. 3259, "Bombay Chronicle."

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE MYSORE SPINNING AND MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.
NOTICE OF SIXTY-SEVENTH DIVIDEND.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a final dividend of Rs. 5/- per share and a bonus of Rs. 5/- per share (free of income-tax) on the Ordinary Shares of Rs. 50/- each and a final dividend of Rs. 1/2/0 per share (less income-tax) on the 4 1/2 p.c. Cumulative Preference Shares of Rs. 50/- each for the year ended 28th February, 1946, sanctioned by the shareholders at the Fifty-third Ordinary General Meeting held on the 6th September, 1946, is made payable at THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LTD., BANGALORE CITY, on and after Monday, the 23rd September, 1946, to those shareholders whose names stood on the Register of Members on the 17th August, 1946.

By Order of the Board,
N. SIRUR & CO LTD.,
Managing Agents,
V. N. CHANDAVARKER,
Managing Director.

Registered Office:
Temple Bar Building.
70, Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay,
7th September, 1946.
(9627)

THE JAMSETJEE NESSERWANJEE PETIT INSTITUTE.
NOTICE

OWING to the disturbed conditions in the City and the enforcement of the Curfew Order, the Special General Meeting of the members fixed for Thursday, the 12th September, 1946 at 6 p.m. (S.T.) has been CANCELLED for the present.

J. S. CHINIWALA,
Hon. Secretary.
9634

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,

Department of Food (Division III) Office of the Chief Director of Purchase, Jamnagar House. New Delhi.

THE CHIEF DIRECTOR of Purchase, invites tenders for the following items of American Surplus foodstuffs, for which market in India is limited, and which could therefore be exported to other countries. Particulars, quantities and conditions of sale of these can be obtained from the Office of the Chief Director of Purchase, Disposals Directorate, personally or on application up to 20-9-1946.

1. Ration "K".
2. Soup Dehydrated Navy Beans.
3. Beef Corned.
4. Chilly Con. Corne.
5. Chilly Con. Corn W/o Beans.
6. (A) Hash Corn Beef.
7. (B) Hash Meat and Vegetable.
8. Meat and Vegetable.
9. Stew Meat and Vegetable.
10. Stew Fresh Frozen.
11. Peanut Butter.
12. Jam Assorted.
13. Marmalade.
14. Beefs Dehydrated.
15. Beets.
16. Beets cut or sliced.
17. Beets puree.
18. Beets strained.
19. Noodles.
20. Spinach.
21. Spinach Puree.
22. Spinach Strained.
23. Sauer Krant.
24. Cherries.
25. Grape Fruit Juice.
26. Fruit Cocktail.
27. Tomatoes Juice.
28. Pears.
29. Spagette.

Government will give necessary assistance in obtaining export licences to successful tenderers.

Tenders will be received up to 4 P.M. on 30 Sept. 1946 in a sealed cover marked "TENDER NO. P-3 (1) FOR AMERICAN SURPLUS FOODSTUFFS FOR EXPORT DUE ON 30-9-1946" and should remain open for one month from the last date of tenders.

Samples of all items are not at present available, but as far as possible, purchasers will be given every opportunity to inspect bulk stocks before taking delivery.

Earnest money calculated at 5% of the total cost offered must accompany each offer in the form of a Reserve Bank of India Draft or a Deposit Bank Call Receipt of any Scheduled Bank in favour of the Chief Director of Purchase.

Tenders will be opened in the Food Department Committee Room at 11 A.M. on 1-10-1946 in the presence of tenderers who may be present at that time. 9600

INCOME-TAX DEPARTMENT

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for appointment as Upper Division Clerks and Steno-Typists in the Income-tax Department at Bombay City. The posts are for the present temporary but a good proportion of them are likely to be made permanent. The pay of Upper Division Clerks is Rs. 80-5-100 E.B. 10-120 P.M. and that of Steno-Typists is Rs. 55-5-80 plus a special pay of Rs. 20/- P.M. In addition to the above pay, additional pay and dearness, compensatory and house rent allowances on the usual scale will be admissible. Applicants for Upper Division Clerks' posts must be holders of a degree from a recognised University. This condition will be relaxed in the case of the candidates with war service. Applicants for Steno-typists' posts should have passed the Matriculation or an equivalent examination and have a minimum speed of 30 words per minute in Typewriting and 80 words per minute in Shorthand. Their proficiency in Shorthand and Typewriting will be tested before appointment. Applicants must be domiciled in the Province of Bombay or an Indian State adjacent thereto. Candidates who will be required to appear for an interview will have to attend at their own expense. The maximum age limit is 25 years with the usual concession for war service candidates, etc.

Applications should be in candidates' handwriting and give the following details:—

(i) Full name and address in block letters,
(ii) Date of birth,
(iii) Religion, Caste, Community,
(iv) Academic qualifications including distinctions, etc. obtained,
(v) Languages known,
(vi) Qualifications, if any, entitling candidates for special consideration,
(vii) Previous service, if any.

Applications should be addressed to the Inspecting Assistant Commissioner of Income-tax, D Range, Central Government Buildings, Queen's Road, Bombay, and should reach him not later than the 5th October, 1946. Persons already in Government service should apply through their official superiors.

COMMISSIONER OF INCOME-TAX,
Bombay City.
9614

RARE OPPORTUNITY FOR INVESTMENT.

ONE of our clients who owns a very valuable property in Bombay is prepared on payment of sum of Rs. 4,25,000/- (Rupees four lacs and twenty-five thousand) to enter into a perpetual or Long Term Lease or Fazandari agreement in respect of the said property so as to yield return on the said amount at 3 p.c. For particulars apply to the undersigned.

Dated this 6th day of Sept. 1946.

AMBUBHAI & DIWANJI,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Lentin Chambers,
Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay.
(9584)

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF FOOD (DIV. III.)
Office of the Chief Director of Purchase.
Jamnagar House, New Delhi.

DISPOSAL OF MALT AND SAMBHAR SALT
Tenders No. H/200(F) & 212(F)

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase and removal of the following items:—

Description of Article.	Approximate Quantity.	Pack	Location.	Tender No
Malt	57095 lbs.	(a) 44604 lbs. in 2 tins x 23 lbs. per case and 2 tins x 2# lbs. per case. (b) 12491 lbs. in 1 Bag x 80 lbs. bags.	No. 4, IRSD, Lahore.	H/200(F)
„	46876 lbs.	Bags of 166 lbs. pack	No. 3, IRSD, Panagar.	
„	77670 lbs.	(a) 25 lbs. in k.o. type tins (b) 24 lbs. under sampling (c) 77623 lbs. in cases.	No. 4, IRBSD Avadi.	
„	4480 lbs.	46 lbs. case containing 2 tins x 23 lbs. per case.	No. 6 IRSD Manmad.	
„	2240 lbs.	Packed in cases each case containing 2 tins contents 46 lbs. & 48 lbs. per case.	No. 9, IRSD, Vizagapatam	
Sambhar Salt	1342 mds. 16 srs.	Govt. Dehydration Factory, Lucknow	Gunny bags containing 2-1/2 mds.	H/212(F)

2. The stores are reported to be in good condition. No samples are available in this office. Any information required will be supplied on application.

3. The stores will be sold on a "said to contain basis" and subject to general terms and conditions of contact (Form FDM. 70) which can be obtained free of cost from this office.

4. Earnest money calculated at five per cent of the total cost offered will be accompany each offer in the form of Reserve Bank of India draft or deposit call Receipt on any scheduled Bank. The earnest money deposit will be made in favour of Chief Director of purchase. If the tenderer refuses to honour his offer the earnest money will be liable to be forfeited.

5. Tenders will be received upto 11 A.M. on the 15th September 1946 and will be opened at 3 P.M. on 17th Sept. The tenderers or their representatives can be present at the time of opening the tender.

6. The offers should remain open upto midnight of 30-9-1946.

7. Delivery of stores will be ex-site and removal should be completed within 20 days of the issue of acceptance letter. The purchaser will be responsible for removal including movement by rail from depots to destinations.

8 The tenders will be considered for all the quantities or the entire quantity at one place, but tenders should be sent separately for Malt and Salt, giving the tender number of each item as shown above.

9. The rate quoted should be in the same units as shown above.

10. The Chief Director of Purchase reserves the right to accept or refuse, without assigning any reason whatsoever, the whole or any portion of an offer. (9622)

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS COMMITTEE

URGENT AND IMPORTANT NOTICE TO SCHOOLS STAFF

HEAD MASTERS, HEAD MISTRESSES, Assistant Teachers and Peons, etc., serving in the Bombay Municipal Schools are all desired to be present on the dates and between the timings mentioned below at the places stated:—

Schools.	Place	Day & Date	Time.
(1) Marathi Girls' Schools in A, B, C and D Wards.	Gilder Tank Office Building, Ground Floor, West Veranda.	Thursday, 12th Sept. 1946.	Between 11-30 A.M. (B.T.) and 12-30 P.M (B.T.).
(2) Marathi Girls' Schools in E, F and G Wards.	—Do— East Veranda.	—Do—	12-30 P.M. (B.T.) and 1-30 P.M. (B.T.).
(3) All Tamil, Telugu and Malayalam Schools.	—Do— Top Floor, East Veranda.	—Do—	1-30 P.M. (B.T.) and 2-30 P.M. (B.T.).
(4) All Hindi Schools.	—Do— Top Floor, East Veranda.	—Do—	2-30 P.M. (B.T.) and 3 P.M. (B.T.)
(5) All Gujarati Girls' Schools.	—Do— Top Floor, East Veranda.	Friday, 13th Sept. 1946.	Between 11-30 A.M. (B.T.) and 12-30 P.M. (B.T.).
(6) All Gujarati Boys' Schools.	—Do— Ground Floor.	—Do—	Between 1-0 P.M. (B.T.) and 2-0 P.M. (B.T.).
(7) Marathi Boys' Schools in A, B and C Wards.	—Do— West Veranda.	—Do—	Between 12-30 P.M. (B.T.) and 1-30 P.M. (B.T.).
(8) Marathi Boys' Schools in D and E Wards.	—Do— East Veranda	—Do—	1 P.M. (B.T.) and 2 P.M. (B.T.).
(9) Marathi Boys' Schools in F and G Wards.	—Do— West Veranda.	—Do—	2 P.M. (B.T.) and 3 P.M. (B.T.).
(10) All Urdu Girls' Schools.	Municipal Corporation Hall	Saturday, 14th Sept. 1946.	Between 11 A.M. and 12 Noon (B.T.).
(11) All Urdu Boys' Schools.	—Do—	—Do—	12 Noon (B.T.) and 1 P.M. (B.T.).

Teachers and peons of each school should wait in a group at the times and places mentioned and take further instructions from the Heads of their respective schools.

Heads of schools should as soon as they come, approach the Accounts Branch clerks waiting at the place and take from them written circulars and oral instructions, etc., and communicate the contents thereof to their respective assistants and peons.

The undersigned wishes to make it clear that owing to the disturbed conditions in the City, attendance in response to this notice is not compulsory and all who attend do so at their own risk. It is, however, hoped that normal conditions are being restored and all who can will if possible voluntarily attend as directed in this notice. Head Teachers of Marathi Boys' and Gujarati Boys' and Girls' Schools should arrange to close their Schools on Friday, the 13th instant, and those of the Urdu Boys' and Girls' Schools on Saturday, the 14th instant.

The Schools Committee's Office,
Gilder Tank Building, Grant Road,
Bombay, 7, 10th September, 1946.

S. DALLAS,
Ag. Secretary, Schools Committee.
(3635)

NATIONAL SAVINGS BANK, LIMITED.
43-45, Apollo Street, Fort.
NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that in view of the disturbed conditions in the City and Curfew restrictions, the Bank will, on and after Tuesday, the 10th September, 1946 until further notice, be open for business at its undernoted local offices between the hours of 10-30 a.m. and 2-30 p.m. on week days and 10-30 a.m. and 1 p.m. on Saturdays.

Bombay local Head Office; Mandvi Branch, Kalbadevi Branch and Zaveri Bazar Branch.

N. C. KHORANA,
B.Com., A.I.I.B.,
Managing Director.
Bombay, 10th September, 1946.
9632

THE BANK OF MYSORE LTD., BOMBAY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that in view of the disturbed conditions in the City and Curfew restrictions, the Bank will, on and after WEDNESDAY, the 11th September, 1946 until further notice, be open for business between the hours of 10-30 a.m. and 2-30 p.m. on week days and 10-30 a.m. and 1 p.m. on Saturdays.

D. S. MANDYAM,
Manager.
(9636)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE AURUNGABAD MILLS LIMITED.
NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FORTY-FOURTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Empire House, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, on SATURDAY, the 28th day of September, 1946, at 4 P.M. (S.T.) for the transaction of the following business:

1 To adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance Sheet and Profit & Loss Account of the Company for the year ended 31st December, 1945.
2 To elect a Director in the place of Mr. D. K. Sheshadri who retires by rotation, but is eligible for re-election.
To elect Directors in place of Messrs. Ram Ratan Gupta, Ram Gopal Gupta, Gulabchand Jain and Ram Prasad Gupta, appointed under Article 141 of the Companies Articles of Association who are eligible for re-election. Mr. Ram Prasad Gupta does not offer himself for re-election and the Directors recommend that Mr. T. Dawson be elected a Director in his place.
4 To appoint an Auditor for the year ending 31-12-46 and fix his remuneration.
5. To confirm the payment of an allowance of Rs. 400/- per month to Mr. S. D. Garg as "Residential Allowance."
6. To transact such other business with the permission of the chair as may be transacted at a General Meeting.

N.B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the above Company will be CLOSED from 21st September, 1946, to 5th October, 1946, both days inclusive.

By Order of the
Board of Directors,
GUPTA SONS
Agents.

Bombay.

To all the Shareholders of the Company and in particular to:—

1. Anderji Maneckchand.
2. Bunsilall Abirchund Rai Bahadur.
3. Bhogilal Chunilal.
4. Badrinarayan Rathi.
5. Camar S. Tyabjee & Mrs. Najam C. Tyabjee.
6. Chimanlal Manilal Shah.
7. K. Ganapathi.
8. Hiralal Girdharlal.
9. Mrs. Hiralaxmi Manilal & Manilal Vasanji.
10. Jayantilal Manilal.
11. Kantilal Chunilal Parekh.
12. Mr. Lachhmandasji Harkishandji Daga.
13. Madhavdas Manekchand & Mrs. Rallatbai Madhavdas.
14. Maganlal Anderji & Mrs. Ramanbai Maganlal.
15. Mohanlal Ruganath Mehta.
16. Manilal Chunilal.
17. Niranjan Nathalal Vakharia.
18. Panachand Rugnath.
19. K. T. Rajan.
20. C. M. Swamy.
21. Tribhovandas Anderjee.
22. Vithaldhas Bhaiya.
23. Sha Manilal Laxmichand.
24. Sha Chhaganlal Laxmichand.
25. Nagardas Hakamchand Shah & Shantilal Kalidas Mehta.
26. Bunsilal Bhaiya.
27. Mr. Gordhandas Murlidas & Mr. Govinddas Gordhandas.
28. Shah Chimanlal Chhaganlal.
29. Mr. Gopikishan Murlidhar.
30. Mr. Laxminarayan Bhaiya.
31. Mr. Anopchandra Gulabchand Gulechha.
32. Mr. Hiralal Eshwardas.
33. Messrs. Bansidhar Govind Jagadhane and Dwarka Bansidhar. (9630)

THE COMILLA BANKING CORPORATION, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that due to disturbed conditions the Fort and Mandvi Offices of our Bank will, until further notice, remain open for business between 10-30 a.m. to 2-30 p.m. on weekdays and 10-30 a.m. to 1 p.m. on Saturdays.

N. BHATTACHARJEE,
Agent.
3281

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR
Office of the Adjudicator (Railway Dispute)
Council Hall, Fort,
Bombay, the 6th Sept. 1946
No. R. A. N (1)

ANNOUNCEMENT

IT IS HEREBY ANNOUNCED that the last date for the receipt in this Office of written statements of demands (20 copies) dealing with particular Railway Administrations (as distinct from General demands relating to all Railway Administrations as a whole for which the last date has already expired) has been EXTENDED to FRIDAY the 20th September, 1946, in the case of the North Western and Oudh and Tirhut Railways and MONDAY, the 30th September, 1946 in the case of the East Indian, Bengal Nagpur, Bengal Assam, Madras and Southern Mahratta and South Indian Railways. Such statements received after that date, as well as statements although received before that date, but not accompanied by 20 spare copies, will not be considered.

P. S. EASWARAN,
Secy. to the Adjudicator.
(9626)

PUBLIC NOTICES

FOREST RANGERS COURSE 1947-49

SELECTION of candidates for the above course will be made by the Chief Conservator of Forests, Province of Bombay, Poona, in October, 1946. Intending candidates should apply through the nearest Divisional Forest Officer by 23rd September 1946. For further particulars see notification appearing in the Bombay Government Gazette, Part I, dated 12th or 19th September, 1946.
Poona, 5th September, 1946. (9628)

GRAHAMS TRADING CO. (INDIA) LTD.

have been appointed SOLE AGENTS for INDIA.BURMA for Pharmaceuticals, Syringe & Surgical Instruments manufactured by the renowned Swiss Makers—Dr. A. WANDER LTD., S. A. BERNE. Clients are requested to apply to: —

GRAHAMS TRADING CO. (INDIA) LTD.
16, Bank Street, Fort, Bombay. (9625)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA DEPARTMENT OF FOOD (DIV: III)
Office of the Chief Director of Purchase,
Jamnagar House, New Delhi

NOTICE

FOOD DEPARTMENT announce a 25% reduction in prices of following items recently advertized in these columns for a period of one month i.e. upto the 10th October, 1946.

Yeast dehydrated, Yeast dehydrated and granulated, Hominy dehydrated, Soup dehydrated Navy Beans, Soup dehydrated Pea, Soup dehydrated yellow Pea, Soup Bean dehydrated, Cranberries dehydrated, Juice Tomatoe Cocktail dehydrated, Beans dehydrated Navy, Beats dehydrated, Cabbage dehydrated, Carrot dehydrated, Onions dehydrated, Onion dehydrated Flake, Onion dehydrated Chips, Peas dehydrated yellow, Potatoes dehydrated white, Potatoes dehydrated sweet, Potatoes dehydrated julina, Potatoes dehydrated Shredded, Tomatoe Cocktail dehydrated.

Intending purchasers may apply to the Chief Director of Purchase (Food) in accordance with the terms and conditions of sale already published. (9624)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA DEPARTMENT OF FOOD (DIVN. III)
Office of the Chief Director of Purchase,
Jamnagar House, New Delhi.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase and removal of the following:—

Description of Article	Approximate quantity
1. Coffee Beans	109580 lbs.
2. Coffee Berries	19990 „
3. Coffee	403792 „
4. Coffee R & G.	192 tons 1072 lbs.
5. Coffee soluble	13 tons 1641 lbs.
6. Coffee	5000 lbs.
7. Coffee Beans	15683 „
8. Coffee Blended	2625 „
9. Coffee Berry.	1846908 „

Items Nos. 4 to 9 are American surpluses. Other particulars regarding location, etc., and other conditions of sale can be obtained from this office personally or on application by 16-9-46.

2. The stores will be sold on a "Said to contain basis" and subject to the general terms and conditions of contract (Form FDM 70) which can be obtained free of cost from this office.

3. Earnest money calculated at 5% of the total cost offered will accompany each offer in the form of Reserve Bank of India draft or Deposit-at-Call Receipt on Scheduled Banks, in favour of the Chief Director of Purchase.

4. Tenders will be received upto 3 p.m. on the 19th Sept., 1946, and will be opened at 11 a.m. the following day. The tenderers or their representatives can be present at the time of opening the tenders.

5. The offer should remain open upto mid-night of 21-10-46. (9621)

INDIA METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from Muslims and members of scheduled castes for a few temporary posts in the following grades.

1. SENIOR OBSERVER. Scale of pay 70-4-110-5-160. Minimum qualifications.—University degree.
2. OBSERVER. Scale of pay 40-3-70-4-110 with higher initial salary of Rs. 52/- p.m. Minimum qualifications.—Matriculate. Knowledge of type writing additional qualification.

Dearness allowance as sanctioned by the Govt. will be admissible.

Age limit 28 years (31 years for Scheduled Castes).

Candidates who have passed I.A., I.Sc., or I.Com., examinations will be granted higher initial pay of Rs. 61 p.m. in the observers grade (viz. Rs. 40-3-70-4-110) and will be eligible for appointment as senior observer after successful completion of training.

Applications giving details of qualifications date of birth, caste, domicile and previous experience with copies of testimonials should reach the Director, Regional Meteorological Centre, Colaba, Bombay by 30-9-46. (9631)

GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY
Office of the Special Officer, Electric Grid
TENDER NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS are invited for Substation Equipments in accordance with the following specification for the North Gujarat Electric Grid Scheme and will be received in the Office of the Electric Grid Department, Foreshore Road, Bombay 1, up to 5 p.m. on 25th November, 1946.

SPECIFICATION NO. ELG/T-4
66kV, 33kV & 11 kV SUBSTATIONS FOR THE NORTH GUJARAT ELECTRIC GRID SCHEME

SPECIFICATION and general conditions of contract can be had from the Office of the Electric Grid on payment of Rs. 25/- per set to the Reserve Bank of India, Bombay, and on production of the receipt when applying for the same.

Firms outside Bombay may, however, remit the amount to the Office of the Electric Grid directly by Money Order. No refund is permissible after payment.

Applicants must be on approved list of contractors of Public Works Department or Supply Department.

The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

P. B. ADVANI,
Special Officer (Electric Grid),
Government of Bombay,
Bombay.
Dated 3rd September, 1946. 9599

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BENGAL.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from Muslim candidates to fill a temporary post of Office Superintendent, Medical Resettlement Bureau, under the Health and Local Self-Government (Medical) Department, Government of Bengal. Pay—The post is a non-gazetted one and carries a pay of Rs. 200-10-250/-(unrevised) or Rs. 175-15/2-200-(revised) as may be admissible under the Bengal Service (Revision of pay) Rules 1934 plus usual dearness allowance. QUALIFICATIONS—A candidate must possess a degree with at least 5 years' Office experience. Full details and application forms may be obtained from the Office of the Public Service Commission, Bengal, Anderson House, Alipore, Calcutta, personally or on sending an addressed envelope with a nine pies stamp affixed. They will not be supplied on receipt of mere stamps. Letters must not be addressed to the Secretary by name. Last date for receipt of applications on prescribed form, together with a treasury receipt for Rs. 5, 24th September, 1946. (9623)

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Printed and published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.